

DENTIFYING DATA OF THE ISSUER		
End date of the reference year:	31/12/2024	
Tax ID:	A82473018	
Company name: RENTA 4 BANCO, S.A.		
Registered office: PS. DE LA HABANA N.74 (MADRID)		



A. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

A.1. Complete the following table on the share capital and voting rights attributed, including, if applicable, those corresponding to shares with loyalty voting rights, as of the closing date of the fiscal year:

Indicate whether the Company's articles of association contain a provision for double loyalty voting:

[] Yes [√] No

Date of last change	Share capital (€)	Number of shares	Number of voting rights
September 27, 2011	18,311,941.35	40,693,203	40,693,203

Indicate whether different types of shares exist with different associated rights:

[] Yes [√] No

A.2. List the direct and indirect owners of significant shares as of the closing date of the financial year, including the directors who have a significant stake:

Name or company name of the	sha	ng rights attached to the shares % of voting rights through financial instruments		Total % of voting rights	
shareholder	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	ŭ
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	0.00	5.08	0.00	0.00	5.08
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	0.21	5.56	0.00	0.00	5.77
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	7.67	31.97	0.00	0.00	39.64
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	0.00	5.59	0.00	0.00	5.59
MR. PABLO MARTIN RODRIGUEZ	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	5.00
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	0.00	5.16	0.00	0.00	5.16



Pablo Martín Rodriguez has indirectly increased his percentage stake in the Company through LAREN CAPITAL, S.L.U / ALANTIS ASSETS MANAGEMENT, S.A., from 3.710% to 5.00%.

Details of the indirect stake:

Name or company name of the indirect holder	Name or company name of the direct holder	% of voting rights attached to the shares	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	5.00	0.00	5.00
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	5.08	0.00	5.08
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SURIKOMI S.A	3.11	3.11	3.11
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	MS. MATILDE ESTADES SECO	2.43	2.43	2.43
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.24	0.00	5.24
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	26.43	0.00	26.43
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.56	0.00	0.56
MR. PABLO MARTIN RODRIGUEZ	LAREN CAPITAL, S.L.U.	4.15	0.00	4.15
MR. PABLO MARTIN RODRIGUEZ	ALANTIS ASSETS MANAGEMENT, S.A.	0.85	0.00	0.85

Indicate the most significant movements in the shareholder structure during the year:

Most significant movements

Pablo Martín Rodriguez has indirectly increased his percentage stake in the Company through LAREN CAPITAL, S.L.U / ALANTIS ASSETS MANAGEMENT, S.A., from 3.710% to 5.00%.



A.3. List, regardless of the percentage, the stake at year-end of the members of the Board of Directors who are the owners voting rights attributed to shares of the Company or through financial instruments, excluding the Board Members identified in section A.2 above:

Name or company name of the director	% voting attached to (including voti	the shares g loyalty	% of voting rights through financial instruments		Total % of voting rights	Of the total rights attribut shares, where app % of additi attribut corresponshares with voting	indicate, licable, the onal votes ed that nd to the ith loyalty
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	0.45	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.43	2.64	0.00	0.00	4.07	0.00	0.00
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	0.39	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00

total % of voting rights owned by members of the Board of Directors 46.39

Details of the indirect stake:



Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the direct holder	% voting rights attached to the shares (including loyalty voting)	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attributed to the shares, indicate, where applicable, the % of additional votes attributed that correspond to the shares with loyalty voting rights
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	KURSAAL 2000, S.L.	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	MS MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	0.89	0.00	0.89	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.11	0.00	1.11	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	IGE-6, S.L	0.64	0.00	0.64	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011, S.A.	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.00

Detail the total percentage of voting rights represented on the Board:

% of total voting rights represented on the Board of Directors 34.77
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A.4. Indicate, as applicable, any family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, insofar as these are known by the company, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities, except for those reported in section A.6:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES, MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Familiar	Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Estades directly exercises his voting rights; however, there is a family agreement to exercise them jointly with his father, Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo.



Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
MS. MATILDE URETA ESTADES, MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Familiar	Ms. Matilde Ureta Estades directly exercises her voting rights; however, there is a family agreement to exercise them jointly with her father, Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo.
MS. INES ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES, MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Familiar	Ms. Inés Asunción Ureta Estades directly exercises her voting rights; however, there is a family agreement to exercise them jointly with her father, Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo.

A.5. Indicate, as applicable, any commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, and the company and/or its group, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
No data		

A.6. Describe the relationships, unless insignificant for both parties, between the significant shareholders, or represented shareholders, on the Board and the directors, or their representatives, when the administrators are a legal entity.

Explain, where appropriate, how the significant shareholders are represented. In particular, specify any directors who have been appointed to represent significant shareholders, those whose appointment was promoted by significant shareholders, or those who were related to significant shareholders and/or entities in their group, indicating the nature of such relationship. In particular, mention will be made, if applicable, of the existence, identity, and position of board members or representatives of directors of the publicly listed company, who are also members of the governing body, or their representatives, in companies holding significant stakes in the publicly listed company or in entities within the group of such significant shareholders:

Name or company name of the related director or representative	Name or company name of the related significant shareholder	Company name of the significant shareholder group's company	Description of the relationship/position
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	REPRESENTATIVE OF SIGNIFICANT SHAREHOLDER ON THE RENTA 4 BOARD
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ		CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO



Name or company name of the related director or representative	Name or company name of the related significant shareholder	Company name of the significant shareholder group's company	Description of the relationship/position
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	MADRILENA DE	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	DIRECTOR AND REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SIGNIFICANT SHAREHOLDER OF THE RENTA 4 BOARD

representative	shareholder	group's company	
			DIRECTOR AND
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA	SOCIEDAD VASCO	SOCIEDAD VASCO	REPRESENTATIVE OF
ESTADES	MADRILEÑA DE	MADRILEÑA DE	THE SIGNIFICANT
ESTADES	INVERSIONES, S.L.	INVERSIONES, S.L.	SHAREHOLDER OF THE
			RENTA 4 BOARD
	company has been notified of a		
	mited Liability Companies Law	. If so, provide a brief descript	ion and list the shareholders
that are party to the ag	greement:		
[] Vac			
[] Yes [√] No			
[V] NO			
Indicate whether the c	company is aware of the existe	unce of any joint actions among	a ite eharaholdare. Giya a briot
description as applica		since of arry joint actions affioring	y its strateficialis. Give a biter
docomplion de applica	5.0.		
[] Yes			
[√] No			
Expressly indicate any	amendments to or terminatio	n of such covenants, agreeme	ents or joint actions during the
year:			,
·			
Γ.,			-
None.			_
A.8. Indicate whether any i	individual or legal entities curre	ently exercise control or could	exercise control over the
•	Article 5 of the Securities Mark	•	
[√] Yes			
[] No			
		mpany name	
JUAN CARLOS URETA DO	MINGO		
			_

	Name or company name
JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	

The direct and indirect stake in the share capital is 39.62%



A.9. Complete the following tables on the company's treasury shares:

At the end of the fiscal year:

Number of direct	Number of indirect	% total on share
shares	shares(*)	capital
		0.00

As of 31 December 2024, the Company did not hold any treasury shares

(*) Through:

	Name or company name of the direct holder of the stake	
No data		

Explain the significant variations that occurred during the fiscal year:

Explain the significant variations

As of 31 December 2024, the Company did not hold any treasury shares.

A.10. Give details of the applicable conditions and current timeline for the general meeting to authorise the Board of Directors to issue, buy back or transfer treasury shares:

During the fiscal year 2024, the Board of Directors has not been given a mandate to issue, repurchase, or transfer treasury shares.

A.11. Estimated floating capital:

	%
Estimated floating capital	26.22



ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF **PUBLICLY LISTED COMPANIES**

NACIONAL DEL MERGADO DE VALORES
A.12. Give details of any restrictions (statutory, legal or otherwise) on the transfer of securities and/or voting rights. In particular, detail the existence of any kinds of restrictions that could hinder the company takeover through the purchase of its shares in the market, as well as any prior authorisation or communication rules that, with regard to the purchase or transfer of financial instruments in the company, would be applicable under the industry regulations.
[√] Yes [] No
Description of the restrictions
Renta 4 Banco, S.A., as a credit institution, is subject to Article 17 of the Spanish Law 10/2014, of 26 June on the organisation, supervision and solvency of credit institutions and its development regulations, including Royal Decree 84/2015 of 13 February that develops said law and Circular 5/2010 of 28 September issued by the Bank of Spain. In this regard, when a person (natural or legal, individually or in concert with others) decides to acquire (directly or indirectly) a significant stake in a credit institution, such that the percentage of voting rights or capital held becomes equal to or greater than 20%, 30%, or 50%, or if, by virtue of the acquisition, control of the credit institution is achieved in accordance with Article 42 of the Commercial Code, they will be obliged to notify the Bank of Spain in advance, requiring prior authorization for the acquisition/transfer of their stake in the share capital of the credit institution.
A.13. Indicate whether the general meeting has resolved to adopt neutralisation measures to address a takeover bid by virtue of the provisions of Law 6/2007.
[] Yes [√] No
If applicable, explain the measures approved and the terms under which these restrictions may be non-enforceable:
A.14. Indicate whether the company has issued securities not traded in a regulated market of the European Union.
[] Yes [√] No
Where applicable, state the various classes of shares, and the rights and obligations attached to each class:
. SHAREHOLDERS MEETING
B.1. Indicate and state, if any, the differences with respect to the minimums stipulated in the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law (LSC) with regard to the quorum required for the constitution of the general meeting:
[] Yes [√] No

B.2. Indicate and, as applicable, describe any differences between the company's system of adopting corporate resolutions and the framework established in the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law (LSC):



[] Yes $[\sqrt{\ }]$ No

B.3. Indicate the rules governing amendments to the company's bylaws. In particular, indicate the majorities required to amend the bylaws and, if applicable, the rules for protecting shareholders' rights when the bylaws are amended.

Pursuant to Article 21 of the Company Bylaws ("Bylaws"), "any amendments to the Company Bylaws, will require, on first call, the attendance of shareholders, in person or represented, with at least fifty percent (50%) of the subscribed capital with voting rights and, on second call, the attendance of twenty-five percent (25%) of such capital", foreseeing, for the valid adoption of the corresponding resolution, that when on second call the meeting is attended by shareholders who make up twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights but less than fifty percent (50%), the resolutions will only be validly adopted with the vote in favour of two thirds of the share capital, present or represented at the General Meeting.

Similar provisions are included in Article 12 of the Regulations of the General Meeting of Shareholders (the "General Meeting Regulations"), in its Article 25.3.c), which provides that the amendment of the Bylaws should be put to vote to the shareholders separately to allow the shareholders to exercise their voting preferences individually, and this should apply to all other matters that are materially independent, including amendments to the Bylaws.

Finally, Article 26 of the Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting establishes that, in order to agree on any modification of the Bylaws, if the capital present or represented exceeds fifty percent (50%), it shall be sufficient for the resolution to be adopted by absolute majority, requiring the favourable vote of two thirds of the capital present or represented at the General Shareholders' Meeting when, at second call, shareholders representing twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights are present without reaching fifty percent (50%).

B.4. Indicate the attendance figures for the general meetings held during the year and those of the two previous fiscal years:

	Attendance information				
Date of General Meeting	% of attendance in person	% in represented	% remot Electronic voting	Others	
27/04/2018	42.81	28.12	0.00	0.00	70.93
Of which Floating Capital	1.58	9.89	0.00	0.00	11.47
29/04/2019	48.13	19.61	0.00	0.00	67.74
Of which Floating Capital	1.72	6.40	0.00	0.00	8.12
27/04/2020	33.06	7.83	0.00	31.13	72.02
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	2.64	0.00	12.89	15.57
26/10/2020	33.48	16.78	0.00	24.59	74.85
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	7.79	0.00	12.04	19.87
26/03/2021	0.00	1.46	0.00	66.56	68.02
Of which Floating Capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.03	6.03
30/03/2022	40.13	27.90	0.06	1.91	70.00
Of which Floating Capital	0.47	1.85	0.03	1.91	4.26
30/03/2023	56.16	20.90	0.00	5.13	82.19



whichever reason, were not adopted by the shareholders:

	Attendance information					
Date of General Meeting	% of attendance in person	% in represented	% remote voting Electronic voting Others		Total	
Of which Floating Capital	1.33	1.95	0.00	4.19	7.47	
04/04/2024	58.98	23.59	0.00	0.00	82.57	
Of which Floating Capital	3.99	1.75	0.00	0.00	5.74	

	[]	Yes
	[\[\]]	No
B.6.		ner the bylaws contain any restrictions with respect to a minimum number of shares required to meetings or to vote remotely:
	[]	Yes
	[\[]	No

B.5. Specify if there have been any items on the agenda at the General Meetings held during the year that, for

- B.7. Indicate if there is a rule establishing that certain decisions, other than those established by Law, that involve the purchase, disposal, contribution to another company of key assets or other similar corporate operations, should be put to vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders:
 - [] Yes [√] No
- B.8. Indicate the address and mode of accessing corporate governance content on the company's website, as well as other information on general meetings which must be made available to shareholders on the Company website:

Corporate website: https://www.renta4banco.com/es/

Information on corporate governance and other information on the general meetings can be found on the website in the "Corporate Governance" section, located at the top of the corporate website. This section contains all the corporate information on the subject in accordance with current legislation.



C. STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY'S GOVERNING BODY

C.1. Board of Directors

C.1.1 The maximum and minimum number of directors stipulated in the Company Bylaws and the number stipulated by the General Meeting:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	5
Number of directors stipulated by the General	13
Meeting	13

Mr. José Sevilla Álvarez ceased to be a member of the Board of Directors on 14 March 2024, the date on which he submitted his resignation, which was accepted, with gratitude expressed for his service to the Company.

C.1.2 Fill in the following table with the Board members' particulars:

Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA		Independent	INDEPENDENT LEAD DIRECTOR	April 28, 2015	30/03/2023	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA		Independent	DIRECTOR	October 28, 2021	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO		Independent	DIRECTOR	April 28, 2017	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS



Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA		Independent	DIRECTOR	November 30, 2021	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO		Executive	CHAIRMAN	August 20, 1999	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	April 28, 2017	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ		Other External	VICE- PRESIDENT	August 20, 2000	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO		Independent	DIRECTOR	April 29, 2019	30/03/2023	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA		Executive	CEO	September 27, 2011	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS



Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ		Executive	DIRECTOR	May 26, 2000	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO		Executive	DIRECTOR	August 20, 1999	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDE RS

Total number of directors	13
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Indicate any resignations from the Board of Directors during the reporting period, whether due to resignation or by resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting:

Name or company name of the director	Category of the director when they left	Date of last appointment	Date of departure	Specialized committees of which he was a member	Indicate whether the director left before the end of their term of office
MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ	Independent	30/03/2022	14/03/2024	Audit and Control Committee	YES

C.1.3 Complete the following tables on board members and their respective categories:

	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS				
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profile			
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CHAIRMAN	Mr Ureta has a degree in Law-Economy (Lawyer specialising in Economics) by Deusto University. As State Attorney (1980 examination), he worked for the Ministry of Economy and Treasury (1980 -1984). He has been a Stockbroker of the Madrid Stock Exchange since 1986 (number 1 in his year). Mr Ureta was the Chairman of the Instituto Español de Analistas Financieros from 2010 to 2016 and of the Fundación de Estudios Financieros from 2010 to 2016. Between 1996 and 2003 he was a member of the Board of Directors of the Servicio de Compensación y Liquidación de Valores (Iberclear) and was the chairman of such service in 2002. He was also a member of the Board of Directors and the Standing Committee of the Sociedad Rectora de la Bolsa de Madrid from 1989 until 2019. Mr Ureta was also a member of the Board of Directors of Bolsas y Mercados Españoles			



		EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS
Name or company	Position in the company	Profile
name of the director	organisation chart	
		(BME) from 2002 to 2006, and 2018 to 2020; a member of the Board of Directors of Indra Sistemas (1998 to 2007), a leading Spanish company in information technologies; and a member of the Advisory Board of Lucent Technologies in Spain (1996 and 2001). He is currently a member of the Board of Directors of Saint Croix Holding Immobilier, Socimi, S.A., ECOENER, S.A. and IZERTIS, S.A. In addition to being the author of numerous publications specializing in legal and financial matters, Mr. Ureta is a consultant to several Spanish and foreign business groups.
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CEO	Mr. López García holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1980 to 1986, he worked as a financial analyst at BANIF. After this period, he moved to Banco Hispano Urquijo in London (Risk Department) for 10 months. In 1987 he joined Urquijo Gestión de Patrimonios as a portfolio manager and manager of Collective Investment Institutions. Subsequently (1988-1991) he worked as a portfolio manager at GESBANZANO, SGIIC (Banco Zaragozano Group), and subsequently worked as an independent professional advising institutions, especially in the non-for-profit sector (1991-1997). In 1997 he joined Renta 4 where he was appointed as General Manager in March 2004. From 2006 until 2007 he was Chairman of Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP S.A. Until March 2011 he was Chairman and CEO of Renta 4 Gestora, SGIIC, S.A. and General Manager of Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión, S.A. where he has taken on different functions. Currently, Mr. Juan Luis López is a member of the Board of Directors of Torsa Capital, SGEIC, S.A., and of Renta 4 SV, S.A. (also serving as the natural person representative of this entity before FOGAIN), and has been the Chief Executive Officer of Renta 4 Banco, S.A. since January 2015.
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	GENERAL MANAGER	Mr. Sánchez-Quiñones has a degree in Business Management and Administration from ICADE and a Master's degree in Tax and Economic Studies from CECO. He was in charge of the management (and attendance) of all courses and seminars organised by Aula Financiera & Fiscal between 1991 and 2004. Since 2012, Mr. Sánchez-Quiñones has been General Manager at Renta 4 Banco, being the head of the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Intermediation, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing and Private Banking. Since July 2024, he has held the position of Managing Director of Renta 4 S.V., being responsible for the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Brokerage, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing, and Private Wealth Management. Since 2000, he has been a Director of Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión (Holding), where he had a significant degree of involvement in the company's IPO (2007). In 1991, he founded (also serving as Administrator) Aula Financiera & Fiscal, S.L., a company specialized in training Private Banking and Wealth Management professionals in fiscal and financial aspects, with the



		EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS
Name or company	Position in the company	Profile
name of the director	organisation chart	FIOIIIC
		majority of speakers being Inspectors from the Directorate General of
		Taxes. Between 2004 and 2006, he was the President of Renta 4
		Gestora S.G.I.I.C., S.A. and Managing Director of Renta 4 S.V. From
		1996 to 2000, he held the position of Deputy Director to the President of
		Renta 4 S.V., having previously held the positions of Director of the
		analysis department, Operator at the derivatives and international
		trading desk, and Analyst in the Corporate Finance department. Besides
		being the coauthor of many publications and taking part in different work
		teams (e.g. CNMV or BME), is a member, among other organisations,
		of the Economic Advisors Group, the Spanish Institute of Financial
		Analysts, and a regular speaker at courses and seminars organized by
		different institutions (e.g. the Economics and Financial Policy
		Committee of the CEOE). Since April 2019, he has also been a Director of KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A. and, as of July
		2024, Chairman of Renta 4 S.V.
		After training as a lawyer, his career has been linked to the business
		world, taking on management roles and being part of governing bodies
		in different companies, mainly within the financial and real-estate
		market. In this field, he joined Manglo, S.A. as Sales Manager in 1982
		where he supervised the Finances and HR Department. Mr González
		was then appointed Director from 1985 until 1996. He was also Sole
MR SANTIAGO		Administrator at Miralpáramo, S.L. He joined Renta 4 in 1991 as
GONZALEZ	REGIONAL DIRECTOR	Regional Manager at Renta 4 SV in Valladolid and Regional Manager at
ENCISO		Renta 4 SV in Castilla y León. He is currently the Director of Renta 4
		Valladolid; Regional Director of Renta 4 Castilla y León; Board Member
		of Renta 4 Banco; Board Member of Renta 4 S.V., S.A.; Chairman of
		the Board of Directors of Auditórium Privatum S.L.; and CEO of I.G.E-6,
		S.L. Furthermore, Mr González Enciso is a financial advisor and trustee
		of several non-profit foundations and associations, and member of the
		Social Board at the University of Valladolid.

Total number of executive directors	4
% out of the total of the board	30.77



	EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS				
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder represented or who proposed his/her appointment	Profile			
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Mr Navas Lanchas has a degree in Economic Sciences (1986) and Insurance Actuary (1986) from Complutense University. He has also taken several courses on the Liquidation of Insurance Companies in UNESPA (July 1991); insurance and reinsurance in general and other specific courses on life insurance and pension funds; and Internal Control and solvency II of insurance companies. Basic skills in office software, Internet, email and actuary calculation software (ACTUS). Since 2013, he has been the General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía, having acted as Assistant General Manager the previous year. From 2006 to 2012 Mr Navas was Deputy General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (since 2008 Deputy General Manager of the Financial Area of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía in charge of the departments of Financial Investments, Realestate investments, Accountancy and Actuary Department; and from 2006 to 2008, Deputy General Manager coordinating all the departments in Mutualidad). He was also the Head of the Technical Actuary Department of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (1991-2006). Previously Mr Navas had worked at Ernst Young as an auditor (insurance and finance sector, 1990-1991) and at Espacontrol Deloitte where he also worked as an auditor (1987-1990).			



EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder represented or who proposed his/her appointment	Profile	
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	Mr Chacón has a degree in Business and Economics Sciences from the University of Extremadura (1995), having studied the first two years at the University of Valladolid, and has a degree in Business Senior Management from the San Telmo Business School, Seville (1997). He also attended a course on Senior Management, PAD (2008) by the Extremadura Business School of which he is founder and owner. Since 1995, he has held the position of CEO in a family-owned group of companies based in Extremadura, focused on managing various types of services: urban cleaning, maintenance, conservation and cleaning of buildings, parking lots, and signage, with a workforce of around eight hundred employees, approximately ten percent of whom are disabled. Since 1997, he has been a member of the Business Advisory Board of Mutua Fremap in Extremadura and is a Director of the Cacereña de Parking, S.L. company. He was a member of the Governing Council of Caja Rural de Almendralejo, a credit cooperative, from December 2013 to April 2017. He has also taken other courses on different subjects including the Environment, Urban Waste Management and Treatment, trained to transport goods by road and other courses on Family business management, Leadership skills and technical financial market analysis. He regularly attends high-level training courses and is especially interested in matters related to business strategy, team management, family businesses and the parallelism between the management of the sports world and the business world.	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	Mr Ureta Estades holds a Double Degree in Business Administration and Law (ICADE 3) from Universidad Pontificia de Comillas, having completed a corporate finance course (AF Finance 250) at the London School of Economics during the double degree, and obtaining a diploma in Communicative Competencies and Foreign Language Studies. He also holds a certification from the CFA Institute: Chartered Financial Analyst and the EFPA (European Financial Planning Association): European Investment Assistant. Between July 2018 and October 2020, Mr. Ureta Estades worked at JP Morgan as an analyst, being evaluated within that investment bank at the highest tier of analysts in EMEA (Europe, the Middle East, and Africa), and primarily dedicated to advising on mergers and acquisitions (M&A). Since November 2020, Mr. Ureta Estades has been working at ProA Capital de Inversiones SGEIC, S.A., as an associate in the Investment team. Previously, in June and July 2016, he worked as an intern at ING Wholesale Banking	



	EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder represented or who proposed his/her appointment	Profile		
		 Investment Bank, in Madrid. During the summer of 2015, he worked at W4I Investment Funds in London, and at a company in the Renta4 group. Renta 4 Gestora, SGIIC, S.A. (June 2015). 		

Total number of proprietary directors	3
% out of the total of the board	23.08

EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Profile		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	Mr Rubio has held different positions of responsibility during his professional career. In particular, he started his career working at the headquarters of Marks & Spencer in London. Then between 1975 and 1982 he was General Secretary and Secretary to the Board of Directors as well as Manager of the Legal Consultancy department for a group of family-run companies in the building, property development, housing, mining and electrical supply sector. In 1982, he founded the law firm Mateu de Ros, Ramón y Cajal & Rubio, now Ramón y Cajal Abogados, where he remained until 1994, primarily developing the international business. He participated in various operations, such as the listing of Spanish companies on the London Stock Exchange, introducing foreign investors to Spanish listed companies, organizing presentations for the Spanish Chamber of Commerce in London, and providing consultancy to different brokerage firms, including BNP Securities, Ark Securities, and Map Securities, all based in London. He has been a director at entities such as 'Mediterranean Fund' managed by 'Lombard Odier y Cia.' and Secretary of the Board of Directors at 'Ascorp, S.A.' a listed company of the 'Grupo Cooperativo Mondragón', and has held various other positions as Director in other companies dedicated to strategic management, real estate services as well as from within the health sector. From 1995 to 1998, he was Managing Director of the 'Previasa' insurance group. From 1998 to 2014 he was Executive Vice President and Managing Director of 'Grupo Hospitalario Quirón'. In June 2012, for the statutory period of one year, he was appointed President of the Institute for the Development and Integration of Healthcare (IDIS), and from July 2012 until 2014, he served as Executive Vice President and CEO of USP Hospitales. He currently is the joint Administrator of "Philyra, S.A.U". Mr. Rubio holds a Law Degree from the Complutense University of Madrid (1974) and completed his training with various disciplines in Political Science from the Complut		
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	She holds a degree in Mathematics with a major in Statistics at the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1988 to 1989 she worked as a consultant at Accenture, from 1991 to 1993 she was a senior consultant at A.KEARNEY, in 1993 she became a member of the Chairman's Office and Strategic Planning at Banco Santander, in 1995 she was Director of Customer Service at		



	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS				
Name or company name of the director	Profile				
	Vodafone and from 1999 to 2021 Founder, main shareholder and President of Grupo Unisono. She received the 2016 FEDEPE Best Businesswoman award, and the 2008 IWEC Award (International Women's Entrepreneurial Challenge, www.iwecawards.com) in New York. She received recognition by the Chambers of Commerce of Barcelona, New York, New Delhi and Johannesburg for women's entrepreneurial work. Member of IESE's National Students' Committee, since 2007, Honorary Master's Degree from the European Business School, 2012. Appearance in the El Mundo study: the 500 most powerful women in Spain 2018, among the most influential in the world of technology, Silver Medal of Merit in sports 2005, from Castilla—La Mancha, trustee of Codespa, 2018, an international NGO that promotes entrepreneurship in underdeveloped countries, member of the Círculo de Orellana, a non-profit foundation aiming to promote female talent, member of the global Executive Committee and CEO Circle of DCH, and member of the Generation Foundation.				
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	Graduate in Economics and Business Science by de Autonoma University in Madrid in 1997 and Master's Degree in Business Management and Administration (M.B.A.) from the Instituto de Empresa in 1998. She has completed the 15x15 Course organised by EDEM Business School and the Global Ceo Program at IESE Business School. In 1999 she was Export Manager in charge of the European market and responsible for opening new markets, establishing contacts with new partners and attending international fairs in Perfumería GAL, S.A. From 1999 to 2001, she was an external consultant in DPB Consultores, occupying the position of Financial Manager in ONG-German Agro Action (Luanda, Angola) during 2003 and 2004. She has participated in other business organisations such as: Vice-President in FEIQUE (Spanish Federation of the Chemical Industry); Member of the Governing Council in FARMAINDUSTRIA (Spanish Association of the Pharmaceutical Industry); President of ADEFAM (Association for the Development of Family Businesses in Madrid) and member of different committees of the Madrid Chamber of Commerce. In 2011 (to date) she was appointed Chairwoman of the JUSTE Group which is a Spanish industrial group with family capital and over 90 years' experience in research, development, manufacturing and selling pharmaceutical and chemical-pharmaceutical products. She is currently Vice-Chairman of the Board of Trustees of ADECCO Foundation; member of the Board of Directors of the Instituto de Consejeros Administradores; and Vice-President of the CEOE Foundation as well as member of the CEOE Executive Committee.				



	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS				
Name or company name of the director	Profile				
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	Holds a bachelor's degree from CEU San Pablo University in Madrid and an MBA from the Open University, UK. An executive expert with a long professional career in the technology field working in multinational environments with a special dedication to technological innovation and organisational efficiency. She has worked at IBM Corporation for more than 25 years, for 12 of which he has had senior responsibilities in Europe and globally, with Executive Vice-President of IBM Global Digital Sales Services, Cloud and Security based in New York being his last executive responsibility until 2016. She was General Manager in Spain of the company Insa (currently ViewNext) and Softinsa in Portugal for 5 years, an entity specialised in the development of applications and infrastructure services. She has been a member of the Management Committee of IBM Spain and Portugal, IBM Southwest Europe and Insa, leading IBM Global Committees for management and transformation in strategic and commercial areas, and internal process optimisation globally. She is currently Chair of the Board of Trustees of the Caja Extremadura Foundation, President of the Spanish Association of Foundations, Independent Director of Amadeus IT Group and a member of its Audit Committee and its Remuneration and Nominations Committee.				
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	Ms. Aznar Cornejo holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Abad Oliba University of Barcelona (specializing in Business Economics). Since 2005, Gemma has held the position of General Manager at Mary Kay Cosmetics of Spain, where she has primarily performed management roles across various departments (Finance, Marketing, Sales, Operations, and HR), as well as developing multiple strategies, including commercial, marketing, internal, expense control, and variable analysis strategies. From late 1998 to the end of 2004, she held the position of Senior Analyst in the Corporate Banking Risk Division of Banco Santander, S.A., where she carried out, among other tasks, financial and operational analysis of large companies in various sectors. Previously (May 1996 to September 1998) he was a Corporate Banking analyst at Banco Central Hispano in London, where he developed financial and economic analysis functions for multinational groups, and served as a liaison with the client to understand their needs. As well as speaking Spanish, English and Catalan, Ms Aznar has completed various courses and programs that complement her main education, among which the International Business course (City of London Polytechnic), the Techniques and Analysis of Stock Market Operations course (Barcelona Stock Exchange and Abad Oliba), and the Advanced Management Program (AMP) (ESADE) can be highlighted.				

Total number of independent directors	5
% out of the total of the board	38.46

List any independent directors who receive from the company or group any amount or payment other than standard director remuneration or who maintain or have maintained during the period in question a business relationship with the company or any group company, either in their own name or as a significant shareholder, director or senior officer of an entity which maintains or has maintained this relationship.

If applicable, include a statement from the board detailing the reasons why it believes this director may carry out



duties as an independent director.

Name or company name of the director	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement
No data		

OTHER EXTERNAL DIRECTORS

Identify the other external directors and explain why these directors may not be considered proprietary or independent directors, and what their connection is with the Company, its managers or its shareholders:

Name or company name of the director	Reason	Company, director or shareholders to which this person is linked	Profile
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	Has exceeded the 12-year limit to hold the position of independent Director.	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	Mr Navarro is an industrial engineer by the Polytechnic University of Barcelona. He also has an MBA by ESADE and a Master's degree in Finances by the Texas Tech University (USA). He began his career by working for two years and a half at Texas Instruments Inc. in Dallas (USA) and Nice (France). Mr Navarro then worked for a year at Honeywell Bull Spain. In 1972, he joined Accenture (formerly Arthur Andersen), where he remained until 2001. At Accenture, he was successively the Office Managing Partner of the Barcelona office, President for Spain, CEO for Southern Europe, and CEO of the Financial Entities sector for Europe, Latin America, and Africa. He was a member of the World Board for ten years, from 1990 until 2000. Mr. Navarro is currently an Independent Director at Renta 4 Banco, S.A. and Jazztel PLC; Executive Vice-President of the ESADE Board of Trustees and Vice-President of CEDE (Spanish Confederation of Directors and Executives). Mr Navarro also belongs to the Business Circle and the Institute of Directors and Administrators (ICA).



Total number of other external directors	1
% out of the total of the board	7.69

Indicate any changes in the status of each director that may have occurred during the year:

Name or company name of the director	Date of change	Prior category	Current category
No data			

C.1.4 Complete the following table with the information on the number of female directors over the past 4 years and their category:

	Number of female board members			% of to	otal directors	s of each cat	tegory	
	Financial year 2024	Financial year 2023	Financial year 2022	Financial year 2021	Financial year 2024	Financial year 2023	Financial year 2022	Financial year 2021
Executive					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proprietary					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Independent	4	4	4	4	80.00	66.66	66.66	80.00
Other External Female Directors					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	4	4	4	4	30.77	28.57	28.57	33.33

- C.1.5 Indicate whether the company has diversity policies in place for its Board of Directors with regards to age, gender, disability, education or work experience, among other matters. Small and medium businesses, as described by the Auditing Law, should at least report about the policy they have established to ensure gender diversity.
- [] Yes
- [] No
- [√] Partial policies

If this is the case, describe the diversity policies, their targets, measures and the way they have been implemented and their outcome in the fiscal year. Also indicate the specific measures taken by the Board of Directors and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee to ensure a balanced and diverse ratio of directors.

Should the company not have a diversity policy in place, explain the reasons for it.

Description of policies, targets, measures and way they have been implemented, as well as their outcome.



In accordance with the provisions of Article 33.2 of the Articles of Association, Article 9.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors (the "Board Regulations") stipulates that "the Board of Directors shall ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity in terms of matters related to age, gender, different abilities, knowledge, training or professional experience, and do not suffer from any implicit bias that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female directors in such a number that enables a balanced representation of men and women in the Company, always in support of the interests of the Company".

The Board of Directors has entrusted this function to the Appointments and Remuneration Committee ("ARC") as described in Article 32.3(g) of the Board Regulations, where it indicates, among other functions assigned to the ARC, that it should "Ensure that the director appointment procedures do not discriminate in terms of gender diversity, set a representation target for the least represented gender and prepare guidelines on how to reach such target".



C.1.6 Explain any measures that may have been agreed by the appointments committee to prevent any implicit bias in selection procedures to hinder the selection of female board members, and for the company to deliberately strive to include women who meet the professional profile sought among the candidates and that will enable a balanced ratio of men and women. Also indicate whether these measures include encouraging the company to have a significant number of senior female managers:

Explanation of the measures

Article 9.3 of the Board Regulations provides that the Board must ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity with respect to matters such as age, gender, different abilities or knowledge, training and professional experience, and do not suffer from implicit biases that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female Directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company.

In this regard, the Board has entrusted the ARC with the responsibility of ensuring that director selection procedures do not discriminate on the basis of age and gender diversity, establishing a representation target for the under-represented gender; and to prepare guidelines on how to achieve this target in accordance with the provisions of Article 32.3.g) of the Board Regulations.

In turn, Article 32 of the Board Regulations and, in order to avoid any implicit bias in the procedures for selecting the members of the Board of Directors that might hinder and/or prevent the selection of Female Directors, provides that the ARC shall: (i) Evaluate the skills, knowledge and experience required by the Board of Directors, defining, as a consequence, the functions and skills required by the candidates to fill each vacancy and evaluating the time and dedication required to properly perform their duties. Any director may request the ARC to consider, if deemed suitable, potential candidates to fill director vacancies; and (ii) ensure that the selection procedures for directors do not discriminate based on age and gender diversity by establishing a target for representation of the less represented gender and drafting guidelines on how to achieve this target.

The ARC has aimed to, by establishing the goals and basic principles applied to the director selection process and a series of conditions that the candidates must meet, in line with the director Selection Policy:

- a) Encourage diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender.
- b) Reach a suitable balance on the Board of Directors that will enrich the decision-making and contribute plural points of view to the debates on the matters under its domain; and
- c) The proposals for appointment and re-appointment of directors must be based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board. As a result, the ARC prepared the proposed Policy for the Selection of Directors based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Board of Directors, which was approved by the Board of Directors.

When, despite the measures adopted, there are few or no female directors or leadership positions, explain the reasons:

Explanation of the reasons

The ARC, for the purpose of continuing to implement the good corporate governance practices pursued by the Company, and particularly those related to gender diversity within the Board of Directors, will continue working along these lines, promoting diversity on the Board of Directors and prohibiting discrimination or bias in the director selection process, especially those related to the gender of the potential candidate. The foregoing only makes it easier for the composition of the Company's Board to be even more in line with the trends, best practices and guidelines of good corporate governance. The Company also continues to apply gender diversity policies within its internal structure.

C.1.7 Explain the conclusions of the appointments committee on the verification of compliance with the policy aimed at favouring an appropriate composition of the board of directors.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee established the basic principles and/or guidelines on which the policy for the appointment of directors should be based, contained in the Policy for the Selection of Directors which was approved by the Board of Directors. Said Policy, based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Company's Board of Directors, is expressly aimed at favouring diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender, seeking to facilitate the appointment of female directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company.

The members of the ARC issued a positive report on the Company's corporate governance policies, which expressly foresees that the Board should ensure that the member selection procedures should foster diversity of gender, experience and knowledge, and be free of any implicit bias that may lead to discrimination and, in particular should facilitate the appointment of female directors.



C.1.8 Explain, if applicable, the reasons why proprietary directors have been appointed at the request of shareholders whose shareholding is less than 3% of the capital:

Name or company name of the shareholder	Justification
No data	

Provide details of any rejections of formal requests for board representation from shareholders whose shareholding is equal to or greater than that of other shareholders who have successfully requested the appointment of proprietary directors. If so, explain why these requests have not been granted:

- [] Yes
- [√] No
- C.1.9 Indicate, if any, the powers and authorities delegated by the Board of Directors, including those related to the possibility of issuing or repurchasing shares, to Board Members or Board Committees:

Name or company name of the director or committee	Brief description
JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	All the powers granted to the Board of Directors, except those that cannot be delegated by Law or the Company Bylaws.

C.1.10 Identify any Board members working as managing directors, representatives of managing directors or executives at other companies that are part of the listed company's group:

Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD AGENTE DE BOLSA S.A.	CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORREDORES DE BOLSA S.A.	BOARD MEMBER	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR S.A.	CHAIRMAN	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR	DIRECTOR	NO



Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 LERIDA	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	TORSA CAPITAL, SGEIC, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	MEMBER	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	MEMBER	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO	YES
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO

C.1.11 List any director or administrator positions held by directors or representatives of directors who are members of the board of directors of the company in other entities, whether or not they are listed companies:

Identification of the director or representative	Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	IZERTIS, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	ECOENER, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SAINT CROIX HOLDING IMMOBILIER SOCIMI SA.	DIRECTOR
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	REPSOL, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	USLRM PARENT COMPANY, S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CACEREÑA DE OBRAS Y PROYECTOS, S.L.	CEO
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	INVERCYSEX SL	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CACEREÑA DE PARKING S.L.	CEO



Identification of the director or representative	Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position	
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	JUSTE SOCIEDAD ANONIMA QUIMICO FARMACEUTICA, S.A.	CHAIRMAN	
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	ECOENER, S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	BLUE HEALTHCARE, S.L.U.	VICE PRESIDENT-CEO	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	LA MOUSSE, S.L.U.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	PROGRESO E INVERSION, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	PHILYRA, S.A.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	INVERSIONES VIZCOBO, S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	MCM INVERSIONES ERROIS, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	MCM INMUEBLES ERROIS, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	INVERSIONES GRIBOUILLE SL	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	USP HOSPITAL ATLANTICO TENERIFE, S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	USP HOSPITAL DE CANARIAS, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	IGE 6 S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	INMOSIMANCAS, S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	MIRALPARAMO, S.L.	LIQUIDATOR	
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	AUDITORIUM PRIVATUM, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 LERIDA, S.A.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CABITO INVERSIONES, S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	OPENBRICK S.L.	DIRECTOR	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	NEXTRET, S.L.	DIRECTOR	
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	ACENTRA RENOVACION, S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	NUCONTRASU, S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	DIRECTOR	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	DIRECTOR	



Identification of the director or representative	Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR, S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	BOARD MEMBER SECRETARY	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	COMPAÑIA LEVANTINA HORTOFRUTICOLA S.L.	DIRECTOR	
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	PRIVILEGIA SOCIEDAD DE AGENCIA DE SEGUROS EXCLUSIVA DE LA MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	INGENIERIA MEDIACION AGENCIA DE SEGUROS EXCLUSIVA S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	AVANZA PREVISION COMPAÑIA DE SEGUROS S.A.	CEO	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	TORSA CAPITAL SGEIC S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR, S.A.	CHAIRMAN	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	CHAIRMAN	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011, S.A.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2021, S.A.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	AMADEUS IT GROUP, S.A.	DIRECTOR	
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	FUNDACION CAJA DE EXTREMADURA	CHAIRMAN	
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	ASOCIACION ESPAÑOLA DE FUNDACIONES	CHAIRMAN	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	HIPICA LOS LLANOS, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	STTELLARIA, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	REVIVIR, S.L.U.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR	

Indicate, if applicable, any other remunerated activities of the directors or representatives of the directors,



whatever their nature, other than those indicated in the table above.

Identification of the director or representative	Other remunerated activities
No data	

- C.1.12 Indicate and, explain where appropriate, whether the company has established rules on the maximum amount of company boards the company's directors may sit on, identifying, if any, where these rules are established:
- [] Yes

[√] No

C.1.13 Specify the amounts of the following items regarding the global remuneration of the Board of Directors:

Remuneration accrued by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year (thousands of euros)	3,695
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with vested economic rights (thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with non-consolidated economic rights (thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by former directors through long-term savings systems (thousands of euros)	

C.1.14 List any members of the senior management who are not also executive directors and state the total remuneration accrued by them during the year:

Name or company name	Position(s)
MR. ENRIQUE SANCHEZ DEL VILLAR BOCETA	PRESIDENT RENTA 4 GESTORA S.G.I.I.C., S.A./ RENTA 4 PENSIONES S.G.F.P., S.A.
MS. MARIA TERESA SANCHEZ ALONSO	TECHNOLOGY AND SYSTEMS DIRECTOR RENTA 4 BANCO, S.A.
MR. CARLOS RUIZ SANCHEZ	COMMERCIAL DIRECTOR RENTA 4 BANK, S.A.
MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	CHAIRMAN/GENERAL MANAGER OF RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.
MS. SONIA ALVAREZ NOZAL	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER RENTA 4 BANCO, S.A.

Number of women in senior management	
Percentage over the total number of members of senior management	
Total remuneration of senior executives (thousands of euros)	2,029

C.1.15 Indicate whether any amendments have been made to the Board regulations during the fiscal year:

[√] Yes [] No

Description of changes	
Description of changes	

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Modifications have been made to the last paragraph of Article 26 of the Board regulations to expressly establish that the Chief Executive Officer is accountable to and will report directly to the Board of Directors.

C.1.16 Indicate the procedures for the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of directors. Give details of the competent bodies, the formalities to be fulfilled and the criteria to be used in each of the procedures.

The appointment of the Directors corresponds to the Meeting, without prejudice to the right of proportional representation that corresponds to the shareholders in the terms stipulated in the Spanish Corporate Law. In this sense, if vacancies arise during the period for which the Directors were appointed, the Board may, by means of co-option, appoint the persons who are to occupy them until the first Meeting is held, unless the Meeting has already been called, in which case the Board may appoint a Director until the next Meeting after the one called is held.

The proposals to appoint, ratify or re-elect Directors should refer to people who are known for their integrity, solvency, technical skills and experience and will be approved by the Board upon the proposal made by the ARC for Independent Directors or upon the proposal of the Board, based on the ARC's report, for all other Directors. In any case, the proposal or the report made by the ARC should assign the new Director to one of the director classes covered in the Company's Board Regulations. Proposals must be accompanied by a supporting report from the Board that assesses the competence, experience and merits of the proposed candidates, which will be attached to the minutes of the General Meeting or the Board meeting. When the Board diverges from the ARC's proposals, it must provide its reasons for the decision and these must be included in the minutes.

The directors shall meet the legal requirements established for directors and shall be subject to their duties as such.

From the moment the call is announced and until the General Meeting takes place, the Company the following minimum details on the individuals proposed to be appointed, ratified or re-elected as members of the Board should remain published on the Company's website: identity, curriculum vitae, and director class they belong to, as well as the proposal and reports mentioned above.

Persons who hold representation or management positions or functions in other credit entities or a significant stake in their share capital may not be appointed as directors unless expressly authorised by the Board.

Once a year, the Board will assess (i) its performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the Coordinating Director's, Managing Director's and CEO's performance of their roles based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board, based on the ARC's report and (v) the performance and contribution made by the Directors, with special focus on the heads of the different Board Committees, based on the reports produced by the Committees. For such purposes, the Chairman will organise and coordinate the assessment of the Board with the Chairmen/Chairwomen of the Committees. The Directors will remain in office for four years unless the General Meeting agrees to remove them or they resign from the position and they may be re-elected more than once for four-year terms.

The Directors will leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting that is to agree the previous year's financial statements has passed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws.

The ARC may propose the removal of independent Directors before the end of the statutory term for which they were appointed, if the ARC deems that there are reasonable grounds to do so. In particular, there will be reasonable grounds for removal when the Director fails to carry out the duties attached to his/her position or when he/she is under whichever circumstances described in Article 9.2.a of the Board Regulations that prevent his/her appointment as independent Director when the Director takes on a new position or new duties that prevent him/her from devoting the necessary time to carry out his/her role as Director.

The removal of directors may also be proposed as a result of public buy-outs, mergers or other similar corporate transactions implying a change in the structure of the Company's capital, where such changes in the Board structure are due to the proportionality criterion in the Board Regulations.

C.1.17 Explain to what extent the annual evaluation of the Board has prompted significant changes in its internal organisation and the procedures applicable to its activities:

Description of modifications

There have been no changes as the result of the self-assessment was satisfactory.

Describe the assessment procedure and the areas assessed by the Board of Directors with the support, if any, of an external consultant, regarding the performance and composition of the Board and its



committees and any other area or aspect that has been assessed.

Description of the assessment procedure and areas assessed

The Board of Directors has assessed its composition and competencies, the performance and composition of its Committees and the performance of the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary of the Company by sending all directors the relevant assessment questionnaires regarding the Board of Directors, Appointments and Remuneration Committee ('ARC') and the Audit and Control Committee ('ACC').

Once the answers were received, the ARC prepared the related reports assessing the Board of Directors, Chairman, CEO, Lead Director and the Secretary of the Board. In addition, the ARC prepared a report assessing its own composition, competencies and performance. The ACC also prepared a report assessing its own composition, competences and performance.

Subsequent to the evaluation, the Board of Directors approved the assessment reports for the Board and its committees, the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary, finding that:

- i. The Board of Directors has an appropriate composition and effectively takes on and exercises the powers and competences granted to it by the Articles of Association and the regulations of the Board of Directors, always acting in the Company's interest and to maximise the Company's economic value;
- ii. The ARC and the ACC each have an appropriate composition and effectively take on and exercise the powers granted to them by the current regulations and the Company's different corporate texts; and
- iii. The Chairman, CEO, Coordinating Director and Secretary of the Board have effectively and diligently discharged their duties.
 - C.1.18 Detail, as appropriate, for the years in which the assessment was supported by an external consultant, any business dealings that the consultant or any company in its group have with the Company or any company in its group.

In the last fiscal year, there was no intervention from an external consultant.

C.1.19 Indicate the cases in which the directors must resign.

Pursuant to Article 12.2 of the Board Regulations, 'The Directors shall hand in their resignation in the following cases:

- a) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.
- b) In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors.

When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law, the Company Bylaws or herein.

- c) When the Board itself so requests by a majority of at least two thirds of its members, for having breached its obligations as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- d) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing, in all cases, the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of such proceedings.
- e) In the event that the Board of Directors has been informed, or has otherwise become aware, of any of the situations referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the specific circumstances, shall decide, following a report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, whether or not to adopt any measure. A reasoned account of such circumstances shall be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, unless there are special circumstances that justify not to, which must be recorded in the minutes.
- f) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- g) At the end of, for whichever reasonable grounds, the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholders that had given rise to the Director's appointment'.

C.1.20	Are qualified ma	ajorities other tha	n those prescribe	d by law required	for any type of	of decision?
[]	Yes					
[√]	No					

If applicable, describe the differences.



[] [√]

[]

[√]

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appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors:

Yes

No

Yes

No

C.1.21 State whether there are any specific requirements, apart from those relating to the directors, to be

C.1.22 Indicate whether the Bylaws or the board regulations set any age limit for directors:

	-	ard regulations set a limited term of office or other stricter souther than those established by the regulations:
[] Yes [√] No		
of Directors to other votes a director may	directors, the proc hold. Also indicate	regulations stipulate specific rules to delegate votes on the Board cedures thereof and, in particular, the maximum number of proxy e whether there is any limit as to the categories in which it is a limits provided in Law. If so, give brief details.
another Director. The representation shall	be granted specifically	ciation, which establishes that: '[] all Directors may be represented by of for the meeting of the Board of Directors in question and may be he preceding article. Non-executive directors may only be represented by
Board of Directors shall be called by letter, or the Secretary or Vice Secretary by orde least three days before the meeting date, at those cases where the Regulations of the	, fax, telegram, email of r of the Chairman. The except for emergency Board of Directors req eeting and shall attach	Article 37.2 of the Articles of Association states that: The meetings of the or any other means, and shall be authorised with the signature of the Chairman e meeting shall be called in due time to ensure that the Directors are notified at meetings that may be called to be held immediately. This will not apply to uire a specific time to call a meeting. The call shall always include, unless a, where appropriate, any information deemed necessary", including the fically for each meeting.
	th the Board met v	s held during the fiscal year. Also state, if applicable, the number without its Chairman in attendance. Attendance shall also include tions.
Number of board meetings	12	
Number of Board meetings without Chairman's attendance	0	
	= -	the Independent Lead Director with the other directors without f an executive Director:
Number of meetings	0	
Indicate the number of	meetings of the v	various board committees held during the year:
Number of meetings of the AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	12	



Number of meetings of the	
APPOINTMENTS AND	4
REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	

C.1.26 Indicate the number of meetings held by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year and the attendance data of its members:

Number of meetings where at least 80% of directors attended in person	12
% of attendance in person out of the total votes during the fiscal year	100.00
Number of meetings where all the directors attended in person or by proxy with precise instructions	12
% of votes cast with attendance in person, or by proxy with precise instructions, out of the total votes during the fiscal year	100.00

C.1.27	Indicate whether the consolidated and individual annual financial statements submitted to the Board for
	their preparation are certified beforehand:

[] Yes

[√] No

Identify, where applicable, the person(s) who certified the Company's individual and consolidated annual financial statements to be prepared by the Board:

C.1.28 Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board of Directors to ensure that the financial statements that the Board of Directors submits to the General Shareholders' Meeting are drawn up in accordance with accounting regulations.

The Audit and Control Committee analyses the quarterly, half-yearly and yearly financial statements and holds regular meetings with the External Auditor reviewing, where necessary, any changes in the accountancy criteria that would affect the financial statements, ensuring that there are no qualifications by the Auditor and that the Board of Directors prepares the statements without qualifications. In compliance with Article 31 and 37 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Audit and Control Committee is in charge of reviewing the Company's financial statements, enforcing compliance with legal requirements and correctly applying the standard accountancy principles, as well as providing information on the proposals made by the management to change accounting principles and criteria.

C.1.29 Is the secretary to the board a director?

[] Yes

[√] No

Nolf the secretary is not a director complete the following table:

Name or company name of the secretary	Representative
MR PEDRO ALBERTO RAMON Y CAJAL AGÜERAS	



[\[\]

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF PUBLICLY LISTED COMPANIES

C.1.30 Indicate the specific methods established by the company to protect the independence of the external auditors, as well as the methods, if any, employed to protect the independence of the financial analysis, of investment banks and of credit rating agencies, including how the legal provisions have been effectively implemented.

In accordance with Article 31.3.b) of the Board Regulations, the Audit and Control Committee is the body in charge of ensuring the External Auditors' independence by establishing, inter alia, the duty, as regards the external auditor, to:

- (i) Present before the Board of Directors, to then be put forward to the General Meeting of Shareholders, the proposals to select, appoint, reelect or replace the external auditor, as well as the terms of his/her contract, the scope of the auditor's professional office and the revocation or renewal of his/her appointment;
- (ii) Regularly gather information from the external auditor about the audit plan and protect their independence -ensuring that the compensation given to the external auditor for their work does not compromise the quality of their work or their independence- and about matters that may threaten their independence and the results of the audit, to be examined by the Committee, and any other information related to the account audit. It should also receive information and exchange communications with the external auditor as outlined by legislation on account audits and the auditing regulations, and it should check that senior management takes into account the auditor's recommendations;
- (iii) Once a year, the Committee must receive from the external auditors the declaration of their independence in relation to the Company or companies directly or indirectly related to it, and information concerning additional services of any kind that have been provided and the fees received by the external auditor or by persons or companies related to it, in accordance with the provisions of the audit legislation and, for such purposes, ensure that the Company reports any changes of auditor to the CNMV alongside a statement on the possible existence of disagreements with the outgoing auditor and, if any, with the contents. Should the external auditor resign, the Committee will examine the circumstances surrounding this decision;
- (iv) Every year issue, prior to the issue of the auditors' report, a report expressing an opinion on the independence of the auditors. This report should in any case include the valuation of the provision of services referred to above, considered separately or jointly, other than the legal audit and connected to the independence system or with the audit regulations, ensuring that the Company and the external auditor observe the current regulations on providing non-audit services, the limits on the auditor's business concentration and, in general all other rules on auditor independence;
- (v) Encourage the Company's auditor to take on the auditing of the companies that, if any, make up the group; and
- (vi) Ensure that the external auditor annually holds a meeting with the full Board of Directors to report on the work done and the evolution of the Company's accounting and risk situation.

In practice, in 2024, the ACC performed all the duties outlined and with the due diligence required to keep the external auditor's independence.

C.1.31	Indicate whether the company changed its external auditors during the fiscal year. Where appropriate, identify the incoming and outgoing auditors:
[]	Yes
[√]	No
	Explain any disagreements with the outgoing auditor and the reasons for the same:
[]	Yes

C.1.32 Indicate whether the audit firm performs other non-audit work for the company and/or its group, and if so, state the amount of fees received for such work and the percentage the previous amount represent of the auditing fees billed to the company and/or its group:

	of the auditing fees b	billed to the company and/or its group:	
[√]	Yes		
[]	No		

	Company	Group companies	Total
Amount of non-audit work (thousands of euros)	84	21	105



	Company	Group companies	Total
Amount of non-audit work/Amount of audit work (as a %)	57.70	19.80	41.70

C.1.33	Indicate whether the audit report for the annual financial statements of the previous fiscal year included
	any qualifications. Indicate the reasons given by the Chairman of the audit committee to the
	shareholders of the General Meeting to explain the contents and scope of qualifications.

[]	Yes
[√]	No

C.1.34 Indicate the number of consecutive years that the current audit firm has been auditing the Company's individual and/or consolidated annual financial statements. Likewise, indicate for how many years the current firm has been auditing the annual financial statements as a percentage of the total number of years over which the financial statements have been audited:

	Individual	Consolidated
Number of consecutive years	8	8

	Individual	Consolidated
Number of years audited by the current audit firm/number of years the company or its group has been audited (as a %)	22.86	22.86

C.1.35 Indicate whether there is a procedure for the directors to be able to receive the necessary information to prepare for meetings of the management bodies sufficiently in advance, and if so, give details:

[√]	Yes
[]	No

Details of the procedure

The Directors' right to information regarding the meetings of the Board of Directors is provided for in Article 22 of the Board Regulations. Directors have the duty to request and the right to obtain from the Company any information they need to fulfil their Board responsibilities. Consequently, directors may obtain information on any aspect of the Company and its subsidiaries and may examine their books, records, documents and any other records of corporate operations and inspect all their facilities. They may also communicate with the Company's senior officers. Likewise, Directors are entitled to receive regular information on the movements in the shareholding and on the opinions that significant shareholders, investors and rating agencies have of the Company and its group.

So as to not disturb the Company's ordinary management, all rights to information will be exercised through the Chairman of the Board of Directors who will address the Directors' requests and will provide them with the information directly or with suitable contacts at the relevant company level.

The Chairman, in collaboration with the Secretary, will ensure that the Directors have all the information required sufficiently in advance to deliberate and adopt resolutions for the matters on the agenda.

Based on Article 37 of the Company Bylaws, the call for the Board of Directors meeting shall attach all information required for such meeting.

C.1.36 Indicate whether the company has established rules that oblige directors to inform and, where



appropriate	, resign when situations	arise that affect them,	whether or not	t related to their	actions in the
company th	at could damage the cre	edit and reputation of t	he company:		

[√] Yes [] No

Explain the rules

As described in the Board Regulations, in Article 12, "1. The directors shall leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting for agreeing the previous year's financial statements has elapsed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws', in which case they shall resign.

- a) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.
- b) In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors. When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law, the Company Bylaws or herein.
- c) When the Board itself requests it by a majority of at least two-thirds of its members, due to a breach of their duties as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, or when their continued presence on the Board could jeopardize the credit and reputation of the Company.
- d) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing, in all cases, the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of such proceedings.

In the event that the Board of Directors has been informed, or has otherwise become aware, of any of the situations referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the specific circumstances, shall decide, following a report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, whether or not to adopt any measure. A reasoned account of such circumstances shall be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, unless there are special circumstances that justify not to, which must be recorded in the minutes.

- e) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- f) At the end of, for whichever reasonable grounds, the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholders that had given rise to the Director's appointment'.

Likewise, article 21.2 of the Board Regulations sets forth that directors shall inform the Company: "Of any legal, administrative or other proceedings lodged against the Director that, due to their relevance or nature, could have a serious impact on the Company's reputation. In particular, all Directors should inform the Company, through the Chairman, if they are charged, put on trial or subject to an order to proceed to a hearing for any of the offences detailed in Article 213 of the revised text of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law. In such event, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and shall make the decisions it deems convenient in the Company's interest'.

C.1.37 Indicate, unless there have been special circumstances that have been recorded in the minutes, whether the board has been informed or has otherwise become aware of any situation affecting a director, whether or not related to their performance in the company itself, that could damage the credit and reputation of the company:

[] Yes [√] No

C.1.38 Detail any significant agreements entered into by the company which will come into force, are amended or terminated in the event of a change of control of the company following a takeover bid and the effects thereof.

None.

C.1.39 Individually identify, when referring to directors, and in aggregate form in other cases, and provide detailed information on the agreements between the company and its management positions and employees that include indemnities, guarantee clauses, or golden parachutes, when they resign or are dismissed unfairly, or if the contractual relationship ends due to a public takeover bid or other types of operations.

Number of beneficiaries	5
Type of beneficiary	Description of the agreement



President (Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo), CEO (Mr. Juan Luis López García), Managing Director/Chairman of Renta 4 SV, S.A. (Mr. Jesús Sánchez-Quiñones González), Regional Director (Mr. Santiago Gonzalez Enciso); Member of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC SA and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP SA (Mr. Enrique Sánchez del Villar Boceta). In the event their dismissal is declared to be unfair, the Chairman, the CEO, the Director and General Manager and the Territory Manager would be entitled to receive compensation equivalent to the legal compensation provided for unfair dismissal under the ordinary employment laws. On the other hand, the member of the Management Committee, President of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC, S.A. and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP, S.A. is entitled, in the event of a dismissal declared unfair, to receive the compensation equivalent to that legally provided for an unfair dismissal under the common labour regime.

Indicate whether, beyond the assumptions foreseen by the regulations, these agreements must be reported to and/or authorised by the governing bodies of the company or its group. If this is the case, specify the procedures, assumptions foreseen and nature of the bodies in charge of their approval or their communication:

	Board of Directors	General Meeting
Body which authorises the clauses	V	
	Yes	No
Is the General Meeting informed of the clauses?		√

C.2. Board Committees

C.2.1 Give details of all board committees, their members and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other external directors that form them:

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE						
Name Position Category						
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	MEMBER	Other External				
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	CHAIRMAN	Independent				
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	MEMBER	Independent				

% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	0.00
% of independent directors	66.67
% of other external directors	33.33



Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

- A. Composition. It is made up of at least 3 members who should all be non-executive Directors -at least a third of them should be independent Directors- who will leave their position once they stop being Directors or when agreed by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors will appoint its Chairman from among its members, always an independent Director, and its Secretary.
- B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 32 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors.
- C. Workings. The Committee will meet as frequently as necessary to carry out its functions. It should also meet when called by its Chairman, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and at least once every quarter. The Appointments and Remuneration Committee will be validly called to order when the majority of its members is present. The Committee will have access to all the information and documentation required to perform its duties. The conclusions drawn in each meeting will be registered in the minutes ledger that will be signed by the Chairman and the Secretary. In the financial year 2024, the ARC carried out mainly the following duties, inter alia:
- Ensured that the remuneration policy established by the Company was observed.
- Directed the process of evaluating its own performance, the performance of the board and the discharge of duties by the chairman, secretary, lead independent director and CEO, and reported to the board on the findings reached.
- Proposed the 2019 Remuneration Policy to the Board.
- Proposed the contents of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration to the Board.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE							
Name Position Category							
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	MEMBER	Independent					
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	MEMBER	Independent					
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	CHAIRMAN	Independent					

% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	0.00
% of independent directors	100.00
% of other external directors	0.00

Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

- A. Composition. It is composed of at least 3 Directors who will be appointed by the Board of Directors at the proposal of its Chairman, chosen from among its non-executive members, and at least two of them should be independent. The Committee will appoint, from among its members, the Chairman, who will always be an Independent Director and will be replaced every 4 years, without prejudice to his/her continuity or reelection as a member of the Committee. Furthermore, the Committee will appoint its Secretary and, where appropriate, a Vice President. Likewise, all members of the Audit and Control Committee should have the necessary knowledge, professional experience and devotion to carry out the functions they are entrusted with.
- B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 42 of the Company Bylaws and Article 31 of the Board Regulations.
- c. Workings. The Committee will meet at least once every quarter and, in any case, every time it is called by its Chairman or at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The conclusions drawn from each meeting will be included in the minutes that will be reported at the Board meeting. Any members of the management team, Company employees or auditors requested to do so will be obliged to attend the Committee meetings and to collaborate and provide the information they have.
- D. Additional Functions: Additionally (see C.1.32, in accordance with the 'Policy for the Provision of Non-Audit Services by the External Auditor', the external auditor may provide services other than legal auditing. Consequently, in addition to the aforementioned functions, the ACC must authorize/verify in advance the provision of these services, taking into account each of their specific characteristics. These services, previously



authorized by the ACC, are exclusively subject to prior verification. In this regard, the Internal Audit manager, for the purpose of contracting these services other than auditing, evaluates certain circumstances, such as (i) the nature of the services and the context in which they are to be provided; (ii) the position or influence of the person who will perform the service within the external auditor, and any other relationships that may exist with Renta 4 or its Group, and the effects these may have; (iii) whether such services may threaten the independence of the auditor and, if so, whether there are measures that eliminate or reduce these threats in such a way that their independence is not compromised; (iv) the fees; and (v) the suitability, if applicable, due to their knowledge and experience, of the external auditor to provide such services. In the financial year 2024, the ACC carried out the following functions, inter alia:

- Acted as a communication channel between the Board and the external auditor, assessing the results of each audit.
- Issued, prior to the auditors' report, a report on whether the independence of the auditors or audit firms was jeopardised.
- Approve the Internal Audit Action Plan.
- Supervise the effectiveness of the Company's internal control, internal audit and risk management systems, having adapted the Company's Operational Risk and Reputational Risk Policy, and discuss with the auditor any significant weaknesses detected in the internal control system.
- Overseeing compliance with the rules of the internal codes of conduct and ESG.
- Approve, for submission to the Board, the External Expert's Report on the Prevention of Money Laundering, the Annual Report and Report on the degree of effective compliance with the internal control rules and procedures implemented, the half-yearly Report of the CII Depositary Unit, and the reports on conflicts of interest, Prudential Relevance and Capital Self-Assessment, among others.
- Oversaw the reporting and submission of regulatory financial information, in particular the separate and consolidated financial statements.
- Reported on the annual corporate governance report.
- Evaluated its own performance within the framework of the self-assessment of the performance of the Board of Directors and its internal Committees.
- Reporting, where appropriate, on related-party transactions to be approved by the general meeting or the board of directors and supervising the internal procedure established by the Company for those transactions whose approval has been delegated.
- Authorize the advisory work provided by the auditor (KPMG) aside from external auditing.

Identify the directors who are members of the audit committee appointed with regard to his or her knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing or both, and indicate the date when the Chairman of the committee was appointed as such.

Names of directors with experience	MS. INÉS JUSTE BELLOSILLO / MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA / MR. JOSÉ RAMÓN RUBIO LAPORTA
Date the Chairman was appointed as such	14/03/2024

C.2.2 Fill in the following table with the information on the number of female directors sitting on the Board Committees at the end of the last four years:

	Number of female board members							
	Financial year 2024 Financial year 2023			Financial	year 2022	Financial year 2021		
	Number	%	Number	Number %		Number %		%
APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	1	33.33	1	33.33	2	66.67	2	66.67
AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	2	66.67	2	66.67	1	33.33	1	33.33

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE: From January to March 2024, Mr. José Sevilla Alvarez served as Chairman of the Audit and Control Committee, at which point he resigned and was replaced by Mr. José Ramón Rubio Laporta, who has held the position since that date. APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE: From January to March 2024, Mr. José Ramón Rubio Laporta served as a Member of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at which time he was replaced by Ms. María del Pino Velázquez Medina, who has held the



position since that date.

C.2.3 Indicate, where applicable, the existence of regulations governing the Board Committees, where they can be accessed, and any amendments thereto during the fiscal year. Also state whether any voluntary annual reports have been produced on the activities of each committee.

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The ARC is governed by Article 42 bis in the Company Bylaws and by Article 32 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty to comply with Article 28 of the Board Regulations, which includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies after its review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), assesses once a year (i) its own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of Board Chairman, Lead Director and Managing Director of the company based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iii) the functioning and composition of it Committees, based on the report submitted by these, and (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board of Directors and the performance and contribution of each Board Member, paying special attention to the heads of the different committees of the Board based on the report submitted by the ARC.

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

The ACC is governed by Article 42 bis in the Company Articles of Association and by Article 31 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty to comply with Article 28 of the Board Regulations, which includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies after its review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the CNMV, assesses once a year (i) its own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of Board Chairman and CEO of the company based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iii) the functioning and composition of it Committees, based on the report submitted by these, and (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board of Directors and the performance and contribution of each Board Member, paying special attention to the heads of the different committees of the Board based on the report submitted by the ARC.

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.



D. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSACTIONS

D.1. Explain, if applicable, the procedure and competent bodies for the approval of related-party and intra-group transactions, indicating the criteria and general internal rules of the entity that regulate the abstention obligations of the affected directors or shareholders and detailing the internal reporting and periodic control procedures established by the company in relation to those related-party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the board of directors.

Pursuant to Article 5 in the Board Regulations, the Board of Directors shall be in charge of 'adopting agreements on all kinds of matters that are not assigned to the General Meeting by Law or the Articles of Association, and shall have full powers to manage, run and represent the Company in court or otherwise. Notwithstanding this, the Board shall fundamentally focus its activity on the supervision and control of the Company's running and ordinary management entrusted to the executive Directors and senior management, and shall consider any matters that are especially relevant to the Company or that are deemed necessary for the appropriate performance of the aforementioned general supervisory function. 2. In any case, the following matters that may not be delegated will be reserved to the Board of Directors meeting: [...] t) The approval, following a favourable report from the Audit and Control Committee, of those related-party transactions, under the terms established by the Law and the present Regulation.

[...]

- 3. The competences mentioned in the section above may be carried out, in an emergency, by the Executive Committee or, if appropriate, by the CEO, to the extent permitted by Law, to then be ratified at the Board meeting. 4. The Board of Directors will develop its functions with a common purpose and independent judgement, providing the same treatment to all shareholders who are in the same position, in the Company's interest, which will not prevent the consideration of all other legal, public or private interests, that converge in the course of all business operations, and especially the interests of the workers. In this context, it shall be understood as a corporate interest, as the achievement of a profitable and sustainable business in the long term that shall promote its continuity and maximise the Company's financial value".
- D.2. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out between the company or its subsidiaries and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or represented on the company's board of directors, indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the shareholder or any of its subsidiaries	% Ownership	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who may have abstained	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
No	data						

	Name or company name of the shareholder or any of its subsidiaries	Type of relationship	Type of transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
No	o data		



D.3. List individually the transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter, carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with the company's directors or managers, including any transactions carried out with entities that the director or administrator controls or jointly controls, and indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(1)	MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	4	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(2)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	103	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(3)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	304	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(4)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	8	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(5)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	35	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(6)	MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	6	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(7)			CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	8	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(8)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	2,495	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who may have abstained	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(9)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	1,720	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
71111	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	23	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(11)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	164	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(12)	Δ7ΝΔΡ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	99	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(13)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD DE VALORES S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	15	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(14)	GARCIA-	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	30	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		YES
(15)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	174	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(16)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	1,035	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(17)	ALVAREZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE/ CONTRACTUAL	16	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(18)		RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	33	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES



Int the directors or	or the		Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
ISANCHEZ DEL	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	1	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES

	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(1)	MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(2)	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(3)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(4)	MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(5)	MS. MARIA TERESA SANCHEZ ALONSO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(6)	MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(7)	MS. PILAR GARCÍA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
	CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	
(8)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(9)	DOMINGO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(10)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(11)	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(12)	MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS
	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(15)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(16)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(17)	MS. SONIA ALVAREZ NOZAL	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(18)	MR. CARLOS RUIZ SANCHEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED
	MR. ENRIQUE SANCHEZ DEL VILLAR BOCETA	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED

D.4. Individually report the significant intragroup transactions due to their amount or material relevance carried out by the company with its parent company or with other entities belonging to the parent's group, including the company's own subsidiaries, except when no other related party of the publicly listed company has interests in these subsidiaries or they are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed company.

In any case, all intracompany operations with companies established in countries or jurisdictions considered as a safe haven must be reported:

Corporate name of the company in the group	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C. S.A.	SERVICE PROVISION; SEE BREAKDOWN SECTION H	64
OPENBRICK S.L.	STAKE METHOD	80

D.5. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with other related parties in accordance with the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU, which have not been reported under the previous headings.

Company nar of the relate party		Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ MIGUEL	. DE	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	44



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	100
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	203
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	179
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	11
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	195
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	280
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	597
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	5
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	40
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	11
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	195



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	280
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	614
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	40
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	11
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	194
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	280
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	597
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	40
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	11
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	6
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ-	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	18



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ		
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	306
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	662
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	195
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	40
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	11
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	195
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	280
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	621
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	8
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	40



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	SERVICES PROVIDED	11
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	69
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	489
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	2
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	861
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	15
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	2
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	SERVICES PROVIDED	7
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	1,013
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	13
OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	110
OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	41
ALANTIS	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	171
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	2
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A	SERVICES PROVIDED	16
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	982
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	23



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	1,023
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2024 SA	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	3
SURIKOMI S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	13
SURIKOMI S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	627
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	3
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	67
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	12
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	INTERESTS PAID	7
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	LEASE OF BUSINESS PREMISES	28
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	OTHER BONDS	4
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	206
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	9
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	4,600
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	4,600
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	637
MUEBLES Y ASIENTOS DE OFICINA S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	14
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	36
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	1
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	780
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	27
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	800



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L. ACQUIRED GUARANTEES		2,581
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	307
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	114
LAREN CAPITAL	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	4,950
LAREN CAPITAL	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	1,589
LAREN CAPITAL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	678
LAREN CAPITAL	SERVICES PROVIDED	5
LAREN CAPITAL	INTEREST ON LOANS DRAWN	40
LAREN CAPITAL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	1,774
LAREN CAPITAL	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	16
I.G.E. 6, S.L.	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	329
I.G.E. 6, S.L.	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	1,000
I.G.E. 6, S.L.	ACQUIRED GUARANTEES	2,028
I.G.E. 6, S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	129
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	24
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	20
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	225
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	7
LORA DE INVERSIONES SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	689
LORA DE INVERSIONES SL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	1,922
LORA DE INVERSIONES SL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	1,007
AVILUGAM SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	644
AVILUGAM SL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	13
USLRM PARENT COMPANY SL	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	1
USLRM PARENT COMPANY SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	14



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
USLRM PARENT COMPANY SL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	9
SDAD. VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	645
SDAD. VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, SL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	5,324
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	18
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	4
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	28
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	37
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	1,127
FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	224
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	164
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	SERVICES RECEIVED	10
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	6,243
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	CREDITORS	7



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of Euro)
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	1,124

D.6. State the mechanisms established to detect, determine and resolve any conflicts of interest between the company and/or the group, directors, managers, significant shareholders or other associated parties.

The Board Regulations establish in Articles 17 to 20 bis the mechanisms of the Company to detect, determine, and resolve potential conflicts of interest, as well as the related-party transactions regime. Thus, the aforementioned Article 17 states that "a conflict of interest exists in situations where, directly or indirectly, the interest of the Company, or of the companies within its group, collides with the personal interest of the director", with the latter understood as cases in which the matter affects them or a person connected to them.

The following are related persons of the natural person director: a) spouse or persons with a marriage-like relationship; b) the ancestors, descendants and siblings of the director or his/her spouse (or person with a marriage-like relationship); c) Spouses of the ancestors, descendants or siblings; d) Companies in which, itself or through a third party, fall into one of the situations described in Article 42.1 of the Spanish Commercial Code.

Situations of conflict of interest will be governed by the following rules: a) Disclosure: the Director will inform all other Directors and, if appropriate, the Board, through the Chairman or the Secretary, of any conflict of interest pertaining the Director or his/her related persons; b) Abstention: the Director may not carry out any professional or commercial transactions, whether directly or indirectly, with the Company unless he/she has first disclosed the conflict of interest and the Board has approved the transaction. The Director will refrain from attending and taking part in the deliberation and vote for such matters. Regarding proprietary Directors, these must refrain from taking part in the vote for matters that could entail a conflict of interest between the shareholders they represent and the Company; c) Transparency: Disclose in the annual report and in the Annual Corporate Governance Report of any conflicts of interest.

The Internal Conduct Regulations (ICR) governs conflicts of interest in Articles 21, 22 and 23. In this regard, "there will be a conflict of interest between the Company and one of its clients or between two of the Company's clients when, in a given situation, the Company may gain a benefit, provided that there is also a potential correlative damage to the client, or when the client could gain a profit or avoid a loss and there is the chance that another client will suffer a loss as a result".

To identify these situations, it shall be determined whether the Company, a reporting party to the ICC ('Reporting Party to ICC') or another person directly or indirectly related to such person through a position of control, falls into any of the following situations: a) The Company or the relevant person may gain a financial benefit or avoid a financial loss at the client's expense; b) Has an interest in the outcome of the service provided or the transaction executed at the client's expense, other than the client's own interest; c) Has financial or other incentives to favour the interests of third-party clients, to the detriment of the interests of the client in question; d) The professional activity is identical to the client's; e) Receives, or is due to receive, an incentive from a third party based on the service provided to the client, in cash, goods or services, other than the usual fee or compensation for the service in question.

The Company may determine other conflicts of interest in which the Persons subject to ICR may be involved on account of family, financial, professional or other links. All employees and Subject Persons shall inform the Company, through the ICC Monitoring Body, of any personal or family, economic or any other type of the ICR Monitoring Body, of any personal or family situation, economic or otherwise, that may constitute a conflict between such person and those of a client of the Company or of the Company itself.

There will be a conflict of interest when the Person subject to ICR, or a person or entity who is a relative or is closely related to such person, falls into one of the following cases: a) Is a member of the Board of Directors or senior management of a company whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; b) Significant stake in companies whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; c) Significant stake or another type of personal interest in a client of the Company.

Persons subject to ICR will refrain from taking part in preparations and in the decision or vote, and will inform the people who will be taking the relevant decision. Furthermore, they will inform portfolio management clients of any conflicts that may arise in the course of their activity. When in doubt on the existence of a conflict of interests, Persons subject to ICR are required to inform about this to the Body in charge of ensuring compliance with the ICR, as well as the specific circumstances of the operation to allow the Body to determine the appropriate steps. The resolution of conflicts shall always be carried out under the following principles: 1. The legitimate interests of clients shall in all cases be the priority to consider, without prejudice to the due respect for the integrity of the market. 2. Efforts shall be made to minimise conflicts between clients and between the Company and its clients. 3. The interests of the Company shall not take precedence over those of the clients in transactions with identical characteristics.

4. No client should be privileged when there is a conflict between several clients. 5. They will not multiply transactions unnecessarily and without benefit to the client.

D.7. Indicate whether the company is controlled by another entity within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial



Code, whether listed or not, and whether it has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with that entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or engages in activities related to those of any of them.

[√] No



E. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

E.1. Describe the scope of the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System in place at the company, including tax risks:

The different risks involved in the operations conducted by the Renta 4 Group are managed under the principle of prudence to preserve its solvency level, profitability, efficiency and appropriate liquidity. Renta 4 Group has an ongoing management and control system for the risks taken in its business, expanding to all the companies in the Group, as well as all the areas or business units, with special focus on those that are more sensitive to the risks inherent in the business.

E.2. Identify the bodies responsible for preparing and implementing the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risks:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Description of its functions:

- Approval of the risk control and management policy [financial and non-financial], including tax risks, identifying the main risks faced by the Company and implementing, supervising and monitoring the internal information and control systems.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

Description of its functions:

- The supervision of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management systems, including tax-related risks, and the management of internal audit services to ensure the proper functioning of information and internal control systems, particularly regarding the integrity and presentation of regulated financial information related to the Company and its group. This involves reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delineation of the consolidation perimeter, and the correct application of accounting standards, reporting this to the Board of Directors. The head of the internal audit function is obligated to present their guidance and work plans to the Committee for approval, ensuring that their activities are primarily focused on the Company's relevant risks, and to directly report any incidents that arise in its development. Additionally, they must submit an annual report on their activities at the end of each fiscal year. Furthermore, the Audit and Control Committee will discuss with the Auditor any material weaknesses identified in the internal control system during the audit.
- Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial and non-financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified (operational, technological, financial, legal or reputational), managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard.

INTERNAL AUDIT

Description of its functions:

- Revise the procedures and systems established for risk control.
- RISK DEPARTMENT

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The Risk department carries out its functions on all the entities included in the scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group and is in charge of monitoring the established risk control systems.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT.

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The purpose of the compliance function is, among other things, to establish, implement, and maintain adequate measures and procedures to detect any risk of non-compliance by the Entity.



E.3. Specify the main risks, including the financial and non-financial tax risks and, where significant, risks derived from corruption (as described in the Spanish Royal Decree 18/2017) that may jeopardise the business targets:

The Renta 4 Group consists of a group of companies devoted to providing special services for savings and investments and is independent of any other financial or industrial group. For this reason, it is particularly exposed to the progress of the financial industry as it can have a significant impact on its results. In accordance with the above, the basic risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group are as follows:

- 1. Credit risk: Credit risk is defined as the possibility of experiencing losses when a debtor violates its contractual duties, including the counterparty risk.
- 2. Market risk: Market risk is the possibility of experiencing losses on account of adverse fluctuations in the price of the assets that make up the trading portfolio of the Renta 4 Group.
- 3. Operational risk: Operational risk refers to potential loss arising from inadequate or failed procedures, employee mistakes and internal system errors or due to external events, in particular, natural catastrophes, mistakes made by price and information suppliers or hacking into technological systems that could jeopardise the infrastructure of the Renta 4 Group.
- 4. Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk refers to, as its name indicates, a shortage of cash, usually resulting from an imbalance in cash inflows and outflows.
- 5. Regulatory risk: This risk refers to the likelihood of experiencing loss as a result of failing to adjust Renta 4 Group's policies to the regulations governing its operations, of poorly documented operations or of claims and actions against the Group.
- 6. Reputational risk: Reputational risk arises from Renta 4 Group's actions that could lead to negative publicity regarding its business practices and connections. This could entail the loss of trust in the Group and therefore impact its solvency.
- 7. Tax risk: Tax risk is the threat of a negative impact on the financial statements and/or the Renta 4 Group's reputation as a result of tax-related decisions made by the entity or the legal or tax authorities.
- 8. Technological risks: Risks arising from a loss of Confidentiality, Integrity or Availability associated with systems or data; or from the inability to change Information and Communication Technology in a reasonable time and cost when the environment or business requirements change. This includes security risks resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, or from external events including cyber-attacks or inadequate physical security.
- 9. ESG or sustainability risk. Environmental, social and governance risks that, because they are considered material, both in the short and long term, may generate economic losses or negatively impact its capital and/or liquidity. Climate change and environmental degradation can manifest in financial risks through basically two transmission channels: physical risks and transition risks. Social risks are related to labour conditions, local communities, employee health and safety and discrimination, among others. Governance risks relate to executive remuneration, respect for the rule of law, bribery and corruption, fiscal strategy, cybersecurity and money laundering, among others.
- E.4. State whether the entity has risk tolerance levels, including fiscal risks.

Renta 4 Group's risk management strategy is based on implementing measures that will minimise or dilute the risks defined, setting specific limits for each business line, market and product.

The purpose of this system is to protect the Group's solvency and liquidity ensuring that the exposure to the risk is within the predefined limits and has a balanced profile. The Renta 4 Group has a Risk Appetite Framework that establishes limits for the main risks attached to its operations.

E.5. Indicate which financial and non-financial risks, including fiscal risks, have emerged during the financial year.

No risks materialised during the fiscal year.

E.6. Explain any response and supervision plans in place for the entity's main risks, including fiscal risks, as well the procedures followed by the company to ensure that the Board of Directors can respond to coming challenges.

The measures adopted to mitigate the impact of risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group are:

1. Credit risk: To mitigate it, specific procedures and limits are established to avoid situations of overdraft of cash and/or securities in the intermediation and settlement of client transactions. Exceptionally, individualized overdraft situations may be permitted with the required authorizations. These situations are limited taking into account the customer's credit guarantee and are monitored by the Risk department. Renta 4 may provide financing to clients through the formalization of a credit agreement with securities as collateral, by pledging financial instruments and continuously monitoring their performance, as long as the risk assumed in the granted operations is hedged. Regarding the credit risk of balance sheet exposures, it is managed by focusing mainly on liquid investments (current accounts, deposits, and public debt issuances) within the regulatory limits for the degree of investment concentration. The evaluation of counterparty risk with respect to credit institutions is mitigated by monitoring the ratings from major agencies that provide this information, selecting the entities with the highest solvency, experience, and market recognition.



- 2. Market risk: Limits are established for monitoring variations in market prices, as well as predetermined maximum amounts according to the market and the type of asset. Within this type of risk, the Value at Risk or maximum potential loss that a portfolio may experience under the current market conditions is especially relevant and is factored into the risk screening systems.
- 3. Operational risk: To mitigate this risk, review and improvement processes are established in the computer systems, as well as primary controls at the various workstations, ensuring that control routines are integrated into each task performed. Improvements in computer systems contribute to establishing better controls and reducing manual processes, thereby minimizing human errors, primarily in the intermediation of client operations, ensuring the correct functioning of the control system. Likewise, minimum training requirements have been imposed on employees.
- 4. Liquidity risk: To control this risk, compliance with legal coefficients is monitored, payment commitments with third parties are assessed, and the residual maturity periods of assets and liabilities are reviewed. The monitoring and control are carried out by the Treasury Department on a daily basis, in coordination with the Finance Department, and supervised by the Risk Department. The policy to mitigate this risk focuses on the current policy of investing in short-term and liquid assets that could be available in the event of any stress that could materialize.
- 5. Regulatory risk: The Group has a Regulatory Compliance Unit responsible for adapting procedures to regulatory requirements, as well as monitoring and controlling their correct application.
- 6. Reputational risk: The Group has established a series of reputational risk management policies, including the monitoring of brand image and the review of the most significant aspects that could lead to the materialisation of this risk alongside regulatory risks, such as:
- Prevention of Money Laundering Internal Code of Conduct Marketing of Products and Services Market Abuse in Capital Markets Customer Claims Criminal Risk Management Model Personal Data Protection and Various Applicable Regulations
- 7. Tax risk: The impact of this risk is mitigated by independent expert actions within the framework of the financial audit, fiscal opinions requested within the framework of relevant transactions and, ultimately, by interaction with the Tax Administration.
- 8. Technological Risk: A technological risk management model has been defined based on the governance model and another operational model that clearly establishes responsibilities and competencies in the management of technological risks. This includes the main governing bodies, internal regulations, and the main processes of technological risk management.
- 9. ESG risks: The Group integrates these risks into its current procedures, adopting a global approach for their identification, evaluation, monitoring and mitigation, specifically in relation to sustainable finance, incorporating ESG criteria in the product catalogue, implementing ESG advice and management preferences for clients, reporting the actions carried out, developing processes and methodology for environmental risk management and adapting favourable capital treatments to ESG-related exposures. The Risk Department is responsible for supervising the proper compliance with the established procedures and limits for these identified risks.

For its part, the Internal Audit Department, as an independent unit within its audit plan, reviews the performance of key functions, including risk management, regulatory compliance, and prevention of money laundering, with the aim of providing assurance and support to management.



F. INTERNAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS IN RELATION TO INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)

Describe the mechanisms that comprise the risk control and management systems in relation to internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) at your company.

F.1. The company's control environment.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least the following:

F.1.1 Which bodies and/or units are responsible for (i) the existence and maintenance of a proper ICFR system; (ii) its implementation; and (iii) its supervision

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco is ultimately in charge of the implementation and maintenance of an appropriate and effective ICFR which, in line with its Regulations, it entrusts to the Audit and Control Committee.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco, in their Article 31, foresee that the basic duties of the Audit and Control Committee in connection with the internal information and control systems are as follows:

- 1. Supervise the effectiveness and the management of the internal auditing services in the Company that will ensure the good performance of the internal information and control systems, especially related to the preparation processes in terms of accuracy and filing the regulated financial information on the Company and its group, checking compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate limits on the scope of consolidation and the right use of the accounting criteria, and reporting this to the Board of Directors. The person in charge of the internal audit is required to present before the Committee his/her yearly work planning and directly inform the Committee of any incidents that may arise in its course, as well as report to the Committee on its activities at the end of each fiscal year.
- 2. Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified (operational, technological, financial, legal or reputational), managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- 3. Check the Company's accounts, ensure compliance with the legal requirements and the right use of the standard accounting principles, and inform about the proposals to change the accounting principles and criteria suggested by the management.
- 4. Previously review and report to the Board of Directors about: (i) the financial information which, due to its status as a publicly listed company, the Company must periodically make public, ensuring that interim accounts are prepared with the same accounting criteria as the annual accounts and, to this end, considering the advisability of a limited review by the Company's external auditor; (ii) the creation or acquisition of interests in special-purpose entities or those domiciled in countries or territories considered tax havens, as well as any other transactions or operations of a similar nature that, due to their complexity, could undermine the transparency of the group to which the Company belongs; (iii) and related transactions.
- 5. Receive from employees, confidentially but not anonymously, written communications on possible irregularities with a potential relevance, especially financial or accounting ones, that they may detect in the Company or its group companies.
- 6. Ensure compliance with the internal codes of conduct and the rules of corporate governance as well as the regulations on markets in the industry.
- 7. Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard. Members of the Audit and Control Committee are appointed taking into account their knowledge and experience in accountancy, auditors and risk management. All its members will be external Directors and are duly kept abreast of any regulatory changes that may take place in those areas. From among the same, the Board of Directors appoints a Chairman who will be an independent Director and will remain in office for no longer than four years without prejudice to his/her continuity or re-election as a member of the Committee.

INTERNAL AUDIT.

The Group has an Internal Audit area that is subject to the control and supervision of the Audit and Control Committee. Below are some of the functions undertaken by the Internal Audit area:

- 1. Supervise compliance and the effectiveness of the internal control systems and procedures, as well as supporting the organisation in improving such systems and procedures as well as the control activities.
- 2. Ensure that all financial and management information is sufficient, accurate and reliable.
- 3. Examine the established systems to ensure compliance with the internal rules and external regulations in force, assessing their suitability and effectiveness.

So as to meet its goals, this area combines in-person audits with remote audits.

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

The functions of the Executive Committee are the management, control, and monitoring of the Bank and the Group; the tracking, control, and



evaluation of business areas; the establishment of the commercial strategy and monitoring of its activity; the implementation of objectives and common commercial policy; the evaluation of investments, operations in the securities markets, and financing structure; the analysis of prices and proposals for intra-group tariffs and pricing; the evolution of the Group's technological needs and proposals for system improvement; the coordination of the Bank with different areas of the Group; and, finally, the execution of subsidiary management policies and monitoring of results.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE UNIT.

The Renta 4 Group has an independent unit in charge of the regulatory compliance that, through the right policies and procedures, detects and handles the risk of non-compliance with the organisation's duties, whether internal or external, in this respect. Furthermore, the unit reports and advises the management and employees about, and monitors compliance with, the internal rules across the organisation. The risk of non-compliance with the regulations could have an impact on the financial information.

Furthermore, the Renta 4 Group provides its clients with a Customer Service to learn, study and solve any complaints and claims they may have regarding the operations, agreements and financial services and, generally, their experience with the different entities making up the Renta 4 Group. This Customer Service is an extra control tool to detect any possible errors in the financial information after analysing the claims received.

ADMINISTRATION AND ACCOUNTANCY AREA.

The Administration and Accountancy Area of Renta 4 Banco is the area in charge of preparing and directly controlling the financial information, reporting directly to the senior management and the Board of Directors.

This area is in charge of the following tasks for the financial reporting:

- 1. Accountancy: in charge of the Bank's accountancy and ensuring compliance with the procedures set to control the quality and reliability of the information produced by the different areas in the Group.
- 2. Consolidation: in charge of the consolidation process and following up the information on subsidiaries and affiliates.

F.1.2 If any, especially in connection with the financial reporting process, the following elements:

• Departments and/or mechanisms tasked with: (i) devising and reviewing the organisational structure; (ii) clearly defining the boundaries of responsibility and authority, with proper distribution of tasks and functions; and (iii) ensuring that sufficient procedures are in place to spread awareness of this across the company:

The devising and reviewing of the organisational structure as well as the drawing up of responsibilities and authority is undertaken by the Board of Directors by means of the CEO and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee (body made up of external members of the Board of Directors) with the support of the Management Committee.

The Managing Director and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee determine the assignment of tasks and functions, ensuring a suitable distribution of functions and a series of coordination systems between the different departments to ensure the efficiency of the transactions.

 Code of conduct, approving body, dissemination and instruction, principles and values covered (stating whether it makes specific reference to record-keeping and financial reporting), body in charge of investigating breaches and proposing corrective or disciplinary action:

The Renta 4 Group has an Internal Code of Conduct adopted by the Board of Directors. This applies to all employees, proxies, executives, directors and representatives of the Group and it sets forth the principles and values that should govern the Group's actions. This Internal Code of Conduct sets a framework for action in the event of breach by the people subject to the Code.

Renta 4 Banco delivers this Internal Code of Conduct to all people affected by it, who in turn acknowledge its receipt and personally accept that they know, understand and accept the ICC, as well as all the commitments contained therein. The Regulatory Compliance unit is the body in charge of ensuring the appropriate distribution of this Code and its compliance. It will report to the Audit and Control Committee any non-compliances or bad practices detected and will propose the relevant disciplinary actions that should be then ratified by the appropriate governing body.

 Whistleblower channel, to inform the audit committee of irregularities of a financial and accounting nature, in addition to possible code of conduct infringements and irregular activities in the organisation, informing, where appropriate, whether it is confidential in nature and whether it allows anonymous communications, respecting the rights of the whistleblower and the reported party.

Any financial or accounting irregularities are reported to the Audit Committee through the Internal Auditor who attends all the Committee meetings and informs the Committee Chairman of such irregularities for them to be studied and remedied. Furthermore, the Group has a whistleblowing channel where customers, employees and suppliers can inform of any alleged irregular conduct, non-compliance or illegal act committed in the course of the operations run by the companies making up the Renta 4 Group that could entail a criminal offence. This whistleblowing channel is confidential.

The Compliance Unit (made up of the Internal Audit Director, the Risk Management Director and the Regulatory Compliance Director) is the body that reports to the Audit and Control Committee and receives and analyses all the complaints. It has independent power to investigate and solve each case. The Compliance Unit reports its activity in handling the claims to the Board's Audit and Control Committee.



 Training programmes and regular refresher courses for personnel involved in the preparation and review of financial information and the assessment of ICFR, covering at least accounting standards, auditing, internal control and risk management:

The Group develops training schemes for the entire staff, including employees who are directly involved in the financial reporting.

These schemes include permanent updates on regulatory changes in the operations conducted by the different companies in the Group, including the knowledge of the International Rules on Financial information and the applicable regulations enforced by the Bank of Spain, CNMV and the General Directorate of Insurance and Pension Funds.

F.2. Assessment of risks related to financial information.

Report, at least, on:

- F.2.1 The main characteristics of the process for identification of risks, including the risk of error or fraud, as follows:
- Whether the process exists and is documented:

The Management of Renta 4 Bank is in charge of keeping an adequate internal control on the financial reporting. This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

The main risks in the financial reporting process are:

- Errors from misapplying the accounting principles.
- Fraudulent financial information.
- Deficiencies in breaking down the information.

In order to minimise these risks in the financial reporting, the Renta 4 Group has automated practically all the accounting of the operations with clients. With regard to the processes with a manual element in financial reporting, we have identified the risks and controls or the minimising factors related to them so as to assess, supervise and conclude, for each of these and for the financial information as a whole, that they are reasonably free of material errors.

In addition to this, we run a series of conciliations to guarantee that the accounting information matches the information provided by third parties. The Audit and Control Committee supervises the process followed to identify the risks pertaining the financial information as part of its duties to supervise and control the financial information.

 Whether the process covers all financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence, completeness, measurement, presentation, disclosure and comparability, and rights and obligations), whether it is updated and how often:

This process covers all financial information and especially focuses on identifying risks of material error based on the complexity of the transactions, the quantitative and qualitative relevance, the complexity of the calculations and the application of judgements and estimates. This process is updated depending on the change in the level of exposure to the risks inherent in the operations run by the Renta 4 Group.

• The existence of a process to identify the scope of the consolidated group, considering aspects such as the possibility of complex corporate structures or special-purpose vehicles:

The scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group is determined by the Administration and Accounting Area in line with the criteria foreseen by the relevant regulations.

The scope of consolidation is also supervised by the internal audit unit and by the external auditors.

 Whether the process takes into account other types of risks (operational, technology, financial, legal, tax, reputational, environmental risk etc.), which may affect the financial statements:

The process takes into account the main risks affecting the Renta 4 Group, including operational, technological, financial, legal, reputational and other risks.

· Which of the entity's governing bodies supervises the process:

This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated



financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

F.3. Control activities.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.3.1 Procedures for the review and authorization of financial information and the description of the Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR), to be published in the securities markets, indicating those responsible, as well as descriptive documentation of activity flows and controls (including those related to fraud risk) of the different types of transactions that may materially affect the financial statements, including the accounting closure procedure and the specific review of judgments, estimates, valuations, and relevant projections.

There are a series of checks in place for the transactions that could have a material impact on the financial statements. These checks are fundamentally based on the following aspects:

- Confirmation of transactions: checks to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the transactions recorded.
- Checks based on the conciliation of relevant transactions, positions and parameters.
- Assessment: running checks on the assessment methods, hypothesis and inputs used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments.
- -Taxes: internal checks to ensure that the tax calculations are appropriate and the balances are duly posted in the financial statements with the help of the Group's external tax consultancy firm.
- Adjustments based on estimates: checks to ensure that the techniques used to prepare the estimates are based on previously disclosed and authorised judgements.
- Checks on the consolidation and other processes in the year-end closing: The checks on the consolidation include, among other measures, verifying the accounting entries posted to eliminate inter and intra-group operations and the review of the adjustments made after the year-end closing.
- Filing and breaking down the financial statements: final review of the financial statements by the Group's senior management, especially by the financial area with prior checks run by the Administration and Accounting area and the Audits Unit.
 - F.3.2 Internal control policies and procedures for IT systems (including access security, control of changes, system operation, continuity and separation of duties) giving support to key Company processes involved in the preparation and publication of financial information.

The Renta 4 Group keeps different levels of access security on the IT systems that support the preparation and disclosure of the financial information to guarantee the right segregation of the functions within the accounting process, and to avoid intrusions in this regard.

The IT systems are exposed to the business continuity risk that arises from possible contingencies due to failed communications, power cuts, faulty hardware or software and other unexpected events or disasters.

The Renta 4 Group has a business continuity plan in accordance with the applicable regulations and it translates into different plans to tackle the aforementioned risks.



F.3.3 Internal control policies and procedures designed to supervise the management of third-party subcontracted activities, in addition to any evaluation, calculation or appraisal tasks entrusted to independent experts that may have a material impact on the financial statements.

The Renta 4 Group does not outsource any relevant activities that would have a material impact on the Group's financial statements. While it maintains an outsourcing policy that establishes processes for approval and compliance review by third parties.

F.4. Information and reporting.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.4.1 A specific function in charge of defining and maintaining accounting policies (accounting policies area or department) and resolving queries or settling disputes over their interpretation, which is in regular communication with the team in charge of operations, and a manual of accounting policies regularly updated and communicated to all the Company's operating units.

The Administration and Accounting Area is responsible for the appropriate application of the accounting rules in financial reporting. Along with preparing the accounting records, their functions are:

- Defining the Group's accounting policies and procedures.
- Analysing any given operations and/or transactions to be posted accordingly.
- Assessing the potential impacts of plans to change regulations.
- Solve any in-house doubts.

The Administration and Accounting Area is in contact with the external auditors for any doubts about the posting of operations and/or transactions.

F.4.2 Mechanisms to capture and prepare the financial information with consistent formats, to be implemented and used by all units in the Company or group, which support the main financial statements and the notes, in addition to any information provided on the ICFR.

The main computer systems used for the financial reporting by the Renta 4 Group are centralised and linked.

There are procedures and checks in place to ensure the adequate development and maintenance of such systems and their correct operation, continuity and security.

When consolidating and preparing the financial information the company uses the financial statements reported by the Group's subsidiaries as input with the predefined formats as well as any other financial information required for the accounting reconciliation and to meet the information requirements.

F.5. Supervision of system operation.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least:

F.5.1 ICFR supervisory activities conducted by the audit committee and whether the entity has an internal audit department whose competences include supporting the committee in its oversight of the internal control system, including ICFR. It will also report on the scope of the assessment of the Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) carried out during the fiscal year and the procedure by which the person responsible for executing the assessment communicates its results, whether the entity has an action plan detailing potential corrective measures, and whether their impact on financial information has been considered.

The Audit and Control Committee oversees that the financial reporting runs smoothly by directly supervising the internal audit unit and the work performed by the external auditors.

In parallel, the Audit and Control Committee may ask for help from the employees in the different areas in the Group to gather information on the existence of weaknesses that may have a significant impact on the financial information.

The Group's senior management, based on the information received from the audit areas, both internal and external, and the information on



inspection procedures followed by regulatory bodies, will assess the effectiveness of the ICFR.

F.5.2 Whether the company has a discussion procedure whereby the accounts auditor (in accordance with what is set forth in the NTAs), the internal audit staff and other experts are able to inform senior management and the audit committee or company directors of any significant weaknesses in internal control identified during the processes to review annual financial statements or any others. State also whether the entity has an action plan to correct or mitigate the weaknesses found.

The Internal Audit unit informs the senior management and the Audit and Control Committee of any relevant weaknesses in the internal control identified during the year's reviews.

Furthermore, the Group's accounts auditor is in direct contact with the Group's senior management and holds regular meetings with them to obtain the information needed for his/her work and to report any weaknesses in the control detected in the course of his/her duties. Regarding the weaknesses, the external auditors provide the senior management with yearly and half-yearly reports detailing the weaknesses in the internal control found in the course of his/her duties.

The accounts auditor will also inform the Audit and Control Committee of the findings of his/her review of the Group's financial statements including any aspects that he/she may deem relevant.

The Internal Audit area regularly follows up the action plans resulting from the external auditor's recommendations and informs the Audit and Control Committee of their progress at least once a year depending on the relevance of the situation.

F.6. Other significant information.

No additional issues to be disclosed have been identified.

F.7. External auditor's report.

Report:

F.7.1 If the ICFR information supplied to the market has been reviewed by the external auditor, the corresponding report should be attached. If this is not the case, it should explain why.

The Renta 4 Group deemed that a report from the external auditor on the ICFR would be redundant, mainly because the external auditors conduct, on a half-yearly basis, an audit on the consolidated financial statements or a limited review of the summarised interim consolidated financial statements within the framework of the auditing regulations, and discusses with the Audit and Control Committee any relevant aspects or incidents.



G. EXTENT TO WHICH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOLLOWED

Please indicate the extent to which the company has followed the recommendations of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies.

Should the company not comply with any of the recommendations or comply only in part, include a detailed explanation of the reasons so that shareholders, investors and the market in general have enough information to assess the company's behaviour. General explanations are not acceptable.

1.		-	mpanies should not place an under obstacles to the takeover Explain []		that can be cast by a single cquiring shares on the market.	
2.	anot entit	That, when the listed company is controlled, within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, by another entity, whether listed or not, and has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with said entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or carries out activities related to those of any of them, it should publicly disclose precisely the following:				
	a) The respective areas of activity and any business relationships between, on the one hand, the listed company or its subsidiaries and, on the other hand, the parent company or its subsidiaries.					
	b) The mechanisms in place to resolve any conflicts of interest that may arise.				arise.	
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
3.	3. During the ordinary general meeting, the chairman of the board should verbally inform shareholders in sufficient detail of the most relevant aspects of the company's corporate governance, supplementing the written information circulated in the annual corporate governance report, and in particular:				supplementing the written	
	a) Of the changes that have occurred since the last ordinary general meeting.				eting.	
	b)	Of the specific reasons why the company is not following certain recommendations of the Code of Corporate Governance and, if any, the alternative rules applied to this matter.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		

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4. The company will define and promote a policy of communication and contact with shareholders and institutional investors within the framework of their participation at the company, as well as with the proxy advisors, respecting the rules on market abuse and treating shareholders who are in the same position equally. And the company should make this policy public via its website, including information on the way it has been put into practice and identifying the interlocutors or persons responsible for carrying this out.

And, without prejudice to legal obligations regarding the dissemination of inside information and other types of regulated information, the company should also have a general policy regarding the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information through the channels it deems appropriate (media, social networks or other channels) that helps to maximise the dissemination and quality of the information available to the market, investors and other stakeholders.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

The Board remained committed to updating, analysing and reviewing the Company's internal policies in order to adapt them, if necessary, to the amendments to the good governance recommendations approved by the CNMV in June 2020. In this regard, it is worth noting the approval by the Board of Directors, in September 2024, of an update to the "Policy for the Provision by the External Auditor of Services Other Than Statutory Audit," as well as in December 2024, the "Outsourcing Policy" and the "Policy for the Prevention of Bribery and Corruption."

5. That the Board of Directors does not submit to the general meeting a proposal of delegation of powers to issue shares or convertible securities excluding the right to preferential purchase, for an amount above 20% of the share capital at the time of delegation.

And that when the Board of Directors approves any issue of shares or convertible securities excluding the right to preferential purchase, the Company should immediately publish on its website the reports on this exclusion as laid down in the companies' laws.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

- 6. The listed companies which produce the reports listed below, either in mandatory or voluntary form, publish them on their website with sufficient notice before the ordinary general meeting is held, although their dissemination is not mandatory:
 - a) Report on the external auditor's independence.
 - b) Reports of proceedings of the audit committees and the appointments and remuneration committee.
 - c) Audit committee report on related-party transactions.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

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7	The Company	broadcasts live	via its website	the holding of	general	meetings of	shareholders
Ι.	THE COMPANY	y bibaubasis iive	, via ilo weboile.	LITE HORAITIQ OF	general	meetings or	silai cilolucis.

And that the company has mechanisms that allow the delegation and exercise of votes by telematic means and even, in the case of highly-capitalised companies and to the extent proportionate, attendance and active participation in the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

8. The audit committee should ensure that the financial statements that the board of directors submits to the general meeting of shareholders are drawn up in accordance with accounting regulations. And in those cases in which the auditor has included a qualification in its audit report, the chairman of the audit committee should clearly explain the audit committee's opinion on its content and scope at the general meeting, making a summary of said opinion available to shareholders at the time of publication of the call of the meeting, together with the rest of the proposals and reports of the board, a summary of said opinion.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

The Company should make public on its website, permanently, the requirements and procedures it will accept to
prove ownership of shares, the right to attend the general meeting of shareholders and the exercise or delegation
of voting rights.

And such requirements and procedures facilitate the shareholders' attendance and the exercise of their rights and are applied in a non-discriminatory manner.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

- 10. Where any legitimate shareholder has exercised, prior to the holding of the general meeting of shareholders, the right to complete the agenda or to submit new resolution proposals, the Company:
 - a) Immediately disseminates such additional items and new resolution proposals.
 - b) Makes public the attendance card model or form of proxy or remote voting with the changes required so that the new items on the agenda and alternative resolution proposals can be voted on, in the terms proposed by the board of directors.
 - c) Submits all these items or alternative proposals to vote and the same voting rules are applied to them as those made by the board of directors, including, in particular, presumptions or inferences about the direction of the vote.
 - d) Announces, after the general meeting of shareholders, the breakdown of the vote on such additional points or alternative proposals.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []

11. In the event that the Company plans to pay premiums to attend the general meeting of shareholders, it will previously establish a general policy on such premiums and this policy is stable.



Complies []

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Partially complies []

12.	The Board of Directors will perform its duties with unity of purpose and independent judgment, and it will treat all shareholders who are in the same position equally and guide itself by the Company's interests which are understood as achieving a profitable and sustainable long-term business, to promote the Company's continuity and maximise its economic value.				
	In pursuing the Company's interests, in addition to complying with laws and regulations and acting in good faith ethically and respecting the commonly accepted uses and good practices, the Board of Directors will endeavou to reconcile the Company's interests with, where applicable, the legitimate interests of its employees, its suppliers, its customers and those of other stakeholders that may be affected, as well as the impact of the Company's activities on the community as a whole and in the environment.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
13.	13. The board of directors has enough members in order to implement efficient and participative proceedings, makes it advisable that the board should have between five and fifteen members.				
		Complies [X].	Explain []		
14.	. That the board of directors approves a policy aimed at encouraging an appropriate composition of the board of directors and that:				
	a)	Is specific and ver	rifiable.		
	b) ensure that proposals for appointment or reappointment are based on a prior analysis of the competencies required by the board; and				
	c) promotes the diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to fat gender diversity.				
	The result of the previous analysis of the competencies required by the board of directors is registered in the committee's report justifying the appointments to be published when the general meeting of shareholders is called, in which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is submitted.				
	The appointments committee will annually verify compliance with this policy and inform thereof in the annual corporate governance report.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	

15. The proprietary directors and independent directors constitute a significant majority of the Board of Directors

and the number of executive directors is kept to the minimum necessary, having regard to the complexity of the

Explain []

Non applicable [X]



corporate group and the percentage shareholding of the executive directors in the Company's share capital.

And that the number of female directors should account for at least 40% of the members of the board of directors by the end of 2022 and thereafter, and not be less than 30% prior to that date.

Complies [] Partially complies [X]. Explain []

As reported in section C.1.4 above, currently, the Company's board of directors includes a total of 4 female directors, representing 30.76% of the total board members. Notwithstanding the above, the Company, in compliance with current regulations, will continue to make its best efforts in this regard by studying and analysing different candidates in order to increase the percentage of female representation on the Board.

16. The percentage of proprietary directors over the total of non-executive directors is not higher than the proportion between the capital represented by such directors and the remainder of the Company's share capital.

This criterion may be reduced:

- a) In large-cap companies where the shareholdings legally considered significant are low.
- b) In companies where there is a diversity of shareholders represented on the board of directors and there are no links between them.

Complies [X]. Explain []

17. The number of independent directors represents at least half of all directors.

However, where the Company is not highly capitalised or where, being highly capitalised, it has a shareholder or several shareholders acting together, who control more than 30% of the share capital, the number of independent Directors should represent at least one third of the total members.

Complies [X]. Explain []

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Complies [X]. Partially complies []

18.	Companies should post the following director particulars on their websites, and keep them permanently updated:				
	a)	Professional and	biographical profile.		
	b)		irectors on which they sit, wh d activities in which they may		ng to listed companies, as well as
	c) The category to which the director belongs, where applicable, stating, in the case of proprietary director the shareholder they represent or to whom they have links.				
	d) Date when they were first appointed as a director of the company, as well as the dates of any subseque reappointments.				
	e)	Their holdings of	company shares and their sto	ock options.	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
19.	The Annual Corporate Governance Report, with prior verification by the Appointments Committee, explains the reasons for the appointment of proprietary directors at the request of shareholders whose shareholding is less than 3% of the share capital; and reasons are given why formal requests for a seat on the board from shareholders with a stake equal to or greater than that of others, at whose request proprietary directors were appointed, have not been respected.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
20.	Proprietary directors tender their resignation when the shareholders they represent sell their entire shareholding lf such shareholders reduce their stakes, thereby losing some of their entitlement to proprietary directors, the latter's number should be reduced accordingly.				

Explain []

Not applicable []

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21. The Board of Directors shall not propose the removal of any independent Director before the statutory period for which they were appointed, except where just cause is found by the Board of Directors following a report from the Appointments Committee. It shall be understood that there is just cause when the director takes up a new post or takes on new duties that prevent him/her from devoting the necessary time to the performance of the duties associated with the directorship, when the director fails to carry out the duties inherent to his/her post or when the director is involved in circumstances which cause him/her to lose his/her independent status in accordance with the provisions of the legislation applicable.

The removal of independent directors from office may also be proposed as a result of public buy-outs, mergers or other similar enterprise-level transactions implying a change in the structure of the Company's capital, where such changes in the Board are due to the proportionality criterion in Recommendation 16.

Complies [X]. Explain []

22. Companies should establish rules obliging directors to report and, where appropriate, to resign when situations arise that affect them, whether or not related to their performance in the company itself, that could damage the credit and reputation of the company and, in particular, obliging them to inform the board of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of any such proceedings.

And, having been informed or having otherwise become aware of any of the situations mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the board should examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the particular circumstances, decide, following a report from the appointments and remuneration committee, whether or not to adopt any measure, such as opening an internal investigation, requesting the resignation of the director or proposing his or her removal. And to report thereon in the annual corporate governance report, unless there are particular circumstances that justify it, which shall be recorded in the minutes. This is without prejudice to the information that the company may be required to disseminate, if appropriate, when the corresponding measures are adopted.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

23. All directors clearly express their opposition when they consider that a proposal submitted to the Board for Directors for decision could be contrary to the Company's interests. Moreover, independent directors and other directors in particular, who are not affected by potential conflict of interest, should do the same in the case of decisions that could be detrimental to shareholders not directly represented on the Board of Directors.

And when the Board of Directors adopts significant or repeated decisions on matters with regard to which the director has expressed serious reservations and subsequently opts to resign, the ensuing conclusions drawn and reasons for the resignation must be explained in the letter referred to in the following recommendation.

This recommendation also extends to the secretary to the board of directors, even if the secretary is not a director.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []

24. When, either by resignation or by decision of the general meeting, a director ceases to hold their position before the end of their term, they must adequately explain the reasons for their resignation or, in the case of non-executive directors, their view on the reasons for their termination by the board, in a letter addressed to all

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members of the board of directors.

Notwithstanding the fact that all of the above is disclosed in the annual corporate governance report, to the
extent that it is relevant for investors, the company should publish the resignation as soon as possible, including
sufficient reference to the reasons or circumstances provided by the director.

	sufficient reference to the	ne reasons or circumstances	provided by the director.	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
25.	In addition, the Appointr perform their duties.	ments Committee will ensure	e that non-executive direct	ors have sufficient time to properly
	And that the Board regu	lations sets the maximum n	umber of boards of which	the directors may form part.
	Complies []	Partially complies [X].	Explain []	
forth in words rules t	n the regulations applied to the , the directors should devote su	Company as a credit entity. For thi afficient time to efficiently perform the	s reason, the principle given by t neir duties and to know the Comp	's directors may sit but such limit is set the recommendation is met. In other pany's business and the governance the directors are aware of the limits set in
26.	eight times a year, follow	• • •	enda established at the sta	arry out its role effectively, at least art of the year, with each director
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
27.		ould be limited to the bare m must occur, instructions are	·	he Annual Corporate Governance
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
28.	about the Company's pr	ne secretary express concer rogress and such concerns a at the request of whoever e	are not resolved within the	osal or, in the case of the directors, Board of Directors, this is
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
29.	• •	olish suitable channels for di essary to external assistance		e they need to carry out their se.
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	



30.	offer Directors refresher programmes when circumstances so warrant.				
	Complies [X].	Explain []	Not applicable []		
31.	•	•	ooints on which the Board of I advance, the information requ	Directors will adopt a decision or uired for its adoption.	
	Directors any decisions	or agreements not include		the approval of the Board of uire the express prior consent of .	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
32.	•	•	ements in shareholdings and of the Company and its grou	of the opinions that significant p.	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
33.	the functions legally and of dates and matters to as, if applicable, that of effectiveness of its open	d statutorily attributed to his be addressed; organizes a the company's chief execu rations; ensures that suffici	m, prepares and submits to tl	ted to strategic issues, and	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
34.	the powers legally entitle Chairman and Vice-Chairnvestors and sharehold	ed, attribute him/her the fo airmen, if any; echoing the ders to ascertain their view	llowing: chairing the Board of concerns of non-executive d	pard of Directors, in addition to f Directors in the absence of the irectors; maintaining contacts with about their concerns, particularly pair's plan of succession.	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []	
35.	•	ood governance that apply	ensure that the Board of Director to the Company and that are		
	Complies [X].	Explain []			
36.	The complete Board of correct deficiencies iden		once a year, and adopt, whe	re applicable, an action plan to	



a) The quality and efficiency of operation of the board of directors.

Partially complies [1]

Partially complies []

- b) The operations and the composition of its committees.
- c) The diversity of Board membership and competences.

Complies [X].

financial.

Complies [X].

- d) The performance of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- e) The performance and contribution of each Director, paying particular attention to those who are in charge of the various board committees.

The evaluation of the various committees will be based on the reports they submit to the Board of Directors, and for the latter, evaluation will be based on the one submitted by the Appointments Committee.

Every three years, the Board of Directors will be assisted to carry out the evaluation by an external consultant, whose independence will be verified by the Appointments Committee.

Business relationships that the consultant or any Company in its group have with the Company or any Company of its group should be detailed in the annual corporate governance report.

Explain [1

Explain []

The process and the evaluated areas will be further described in the annual corporate governance report.

37.		cutive committee, at least two n nt; and its secretary should be th		should sit on it, at least one of wh rd of directors.	om
	Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
38.		•		adopted by the Executive Commitings of the Executive Committee.	ee
	Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
39.		ludit committee as a whole, and desperience in accounting, aud	, ,	n, should be appointed with regard nent, both financial and non-	k

40. Under the supervision of the audit committee, there should be a unit that assumes the internal audit function to ensure the proper functioning of the information and internal control systems, which are functionally dependent



Complies [X].

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on the non-executive Chairman of the Board or the Audit Committee.

Partially complies []

41.	committee for approval and limitations on scope	by the latter or by the board,	report to it directly on its ement, the results and fo	its annual work plan to the audit execution, including any incident llow-up of its recommendations,
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []

Explain []



- 42. In addition to those as legally established, the Audit Committee is responsible for the following:
 - 1. With regard to information systems and internal control:
 - a) Supervise and evaluate the preparation process and the integrity of financial and non-financial information, as well as the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risks relating to the company and, where appropriate, the group including operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political, reputational and corruption-related risks reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delimitation of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria.
 - b) Ensure the independence and effectiveness of the internal audit processes, proposing the election, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit division in addition to proposing the budget for this service, approving or propose the approval of both orientation and operating plans of the internal audit, ensuring that their activity is focused mainly on the risks that are relevant to the Company (including those related to reputation), receiving regular information on their activities and verifying that senior management is taking into account the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee's reports.
 - c) Establish and supervise a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to report potentially significant irregularities, including financial and accounting irregularities, or any other type of irregularity they may notice within the company or its group. This mechanism should guarantee confidentiality and, in any case, provide for cases in which communications can be made anonymously, respecting the rights of the complainant and the accused.
 - d) To generally ensure that established internal control policies and systems are effectively implemented in practice.
 - 2. With regard to the external auditor:
 - a) Examine the circumstances behind the resignation of the external auditor, should this occur.
 - b) Ensure that the remuneration for the external auditor for his or her work does not compromise his or her integrity or independence.
 - c) Ensure that the Company notifies the change of auditor to the CNMV and that this notification is accompanied by a statement citing any disagreements the Company may have had with the outgoing auditor and, if there were such disagreements, to discuss them.
 - d) Ensure that the external auditor annually holds a meeting with the full Board of Directors to report on the work done and the evolution of the Company's accounting and risk situation.
 - e) Ensure that the Company and the external auditor adhere to current regulations regarding the provision of non-audit services as well as the limits on the auditor's business concentration and, in general, the other rules on auditor independence.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

43. The Audit Committee may summon any employee or executive of the Company; this includes appearances without the presence of any other executive.

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		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
44.	Com	pany plans to carry	nould be informed of the oper out, for analysis and preliminounting impact, and especial	nary report to the Board	of Directors on their economic
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
45.	The o	control and risk ma	nagement policy should spec	ify or determine at least	:
	a)	environmental, po		vell as those related to	tional, technological, legal, business corruption) that the Company faces off-balance sheet risks.
	b)		management model based one sector regulations so provi		ch a specialised risk committee shal y deems it appropriate.
	c)	The level of risk t	hat the company considers a	cceptable.	
	d)	The measures pla	anned to mitigate the impact	of identified risks, shoul	d they materialise.
	e)		and internal control systems to ent liabilities or off-balance sh		I manage the abovementioned risks
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
46.	Direc	tors, there is an int	ision of the Audit Committee ternal function of risk control a s expressly attributed the follo	and management exerc	ed committee of the Board of ised by a unit or internal department
	a)		er functioning of the control are fecting the Company are ade	•	tems and, in particular, that all the aged and quantified.
	b)	Actively participate concerning risk m	te in the development of a ris nanagement.	k strategy and take part	in the important decisions
	c)		control and risk managemen policy defined by the Board c	•	quately mitigate the risks within the
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
47.	Mem	bers of the Appoint	tments and Remuneration Co	ommittee – or both Com	mittees if they were separate – are

designated by ensuring that they have the knowledge, skills and experience appropriate to the duties that they

Explain []

are to perform and that most of these members are independent directors.

Partially complies []

Complies [X].



48. Highly-capitalized companies have an Appointments Committee and a separate Remuneration Committee			nittee and a separate Remuneration Committee.	
		Complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]
49.		• •	mittee should consult with the comp matters relating to executive direct	pany's Chairman of the Board of Directors and chief ors.
	-		st that the Appointments Committee she feels that they are suitable.	e take into consideration potential candidates to fill
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []
50.		luties of the remune indicated by law, the		ed with independence and include, in addition to
	a)	Propose to the Bo	ard of Directors the standard cond	itions for senior officers' employment contracts.
	b)	Check compliance	e with the remuneration policy set b	by the company.
	c)	remuneration syst	ems that include shares and how t	o directors and senior officers, as well as the hey are implemented, in addition to guaranteeing that hich is paid to other directors and senior officers of
	d)	Ensure that any co	onflicts of interest do not interfere v	vith the independence of the external advice given to
	e)	•	tion on directors' and senior officer ling the annual report on directors'	s' remuneration found in various corporate remuneration.
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []
51.			mittee should consult with the Chai	irman and chief executive, especially on matters
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []



- 52. The rules regarding the composition and proceedings of the supervisory and control committees should be listed in the Board Regulations and be consistent with those applicable to the legally mandatory committees under the foregoing recommendations, including the following:
 - a) They should be composed exclusively of non-executive directors, with a majority of independent directors.
 - b) The chairmen should be independent directors.
 - c) The board of directors should appoint the members of these committees, taking into account the knowledge, skills and experience of the directors and the responsibilities of each committee; deliberate on its proposals and reports; and, at the first plenary session of the board after their meetings, receive an account of their activity and a report on the work carried out.
 - d) The committees should seek external advice when they deem it necessary to perform their duties.
 - e) Minutes of meetings should be taken, and copies sent to all directors.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []

53. The supervision of compliance with the company's environmental, social and corporate governance policies and rules, as well as internal codes of conduct, should be assigned to one or more committees of the board of directors, which may be the audit committee, the appointments committee, a committee specialising in sustainability or corporate social responsibility or any other specialised committee that the board of directors, in exercise of its powers of self-organisation, decided to create. This committee should only be made up of non-executive directors, the majority of whom should be independent, and should be specifically assigned the minimum functions indicated in the following recommendation.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []



- 54. The minimum functions referred to in the above recommendation are as follows:
 - a) Supervision of compliance with corporate governance rules and the company's internal codes of conduct, also ensuring that the corporate culture is aligned with its purpose and values.
 - b) The supervision of the application of the general policy relating to the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information as well as communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. The way in which the entity communicates and relates to small and medium-sized shareholders will also be monitored.
 - c) Regular assessment and review of the adequacy of the Company's corporate governance system and environmental and social policy, so that it may fulfil its mission of promoting its social activities and keep the legitimate interests of other stakeholders in mind.
 - d) Monitoring that the company's environmental and social practices are in line with the strategy and policy established.
 - e) Supervising and evaluating relations with different stakeholders.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

- 55. That sustainability policies in environmental and social matters identify and include at least:
 - a) The principles, commitments, objectives and strategy with regard to shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers, social issues, the environment, diversity, fiscal responsibility, respect for human rights and the prevention of corruption and other illegal conduct.
 - b) The methods or systems for monitoring compliance with policies, associated risks and their management.
 - c) Non-financial risk supervision mechanisms, including those related to ethical and business conduct issues.
 - d) The channels of communication, participation and dialogue with stakeholders.
 - e) Responsible communication practices that prevent manipulation of information and protect integrity and honour.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

56. Directors' remuneration is what is necessary to attract and retain directors with a desirable profile, to compensate them for the dedication, qualifications and responsibility that the position entails, and to ensure that the amount does not interfere with the independence of non-executive directors' decisions.

Complies [X]. Explain []

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should consider the risk taken to obtain a result.

57.	Executive directors are restricted to variable remuneration linked to the performance of the Company and to their personal performance, as is the remuneration in the form of shares, stock options or rights to shares or instruments that are referenced to the value of the stock and long-term savings systems such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other social security systems.
	Delivery of shares as remuneration can be contemplated for non-executive directors on condition that they hold them until they cease to be directors. The foregoing will not apply to shares that the director needs to dispose of, if appropriate, to meet the costs related to acquisition.
	Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []
58.	In the case of variable remuneration, remuneration policies should include precise limits and technical safeguards to ensure they reflect the professional performance of the recipients and not only the general progress of the markets or the company's activity sector or circumstances of this kind.
	And in particular, the variable components of remunerations:
	a) Should be linked to performance criteria that are predetermined and measurable, and these criteria

c) They are configured based on a balance between achieving short, medium, and long-term objectives, allowing for the remuneration of performance for sustained efforts over a sufficient period of time to appreciate their contribution to the sustainable creation of value, ensuring that the performance measurement elements do not solely revolve around specific, occasional, or extraordinary events.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []

59. The payment of variable components of remuneration should be subject to sufficient verification that the performance or other conditions set out above have been effectively met. The entities shall include in the annual directors' remuneration report the criteria regarding the time required and methods for such verification depending on the nature and characteristics of each variable component.

In addition, institutions should consider the establishment of a malus clause based on the deferral for a sufficient period of time of the payment of a portion of the variable components that entails their total or partial loss in the event that some event occurs prior to the time of payment that makes it advisable to do so.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []

60. In the case of remuneration linked to company earnings, deductions should be computed for any qualifications stated in the external auditor's report.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain [] Not applicable []



61.		e of the variable remuneration uments referenced to their va		hould be linked to the delivery of
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
62.		ptions or financial instrument ectors may not transfer owne		emuneration systems have been ntil at least three years have
	economic exposure to the		shares for a market val	the transfer or exercise, a net ue equivalent to an amount of at options or other financial
	their acquisition or, subj		of the Appointments and	n order to meet the costs related to I Remuneration Committee, in
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Not applicable []
63.	components of remuner	s include a clause that allows ration when payment has not a that are subsequently credi	been adjusted to the ret	eimbursement of variable urn conditions or when they have
	Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain [X]	Not applicable []
	echanisms are foreseen in this nmendation is included in the di	respect other than those included in rectors' remuneration policy.	the applicable mercantile regu	lations, although the content of this
64.	total annual remuneration		the Company has been	d amount equivalent to two years o able to verify that the director has
	payments whose accrua contractual relationship	al or payment obligation arise	s as a result of or in concompany, including amo	ion payments shall include any nection with the termination of the bunts not previously vested in longition agreements.
	Complies []	Partially complies [X].	Explain []	Not applicable []
appro	priate, and regarding the deferr		rred payment, and in the event	the annual variable remuneration, as of a resignation, the accrued and vested the of contract termination.



H. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

- If you consider that there is any material aspect or principle relating to the Corporate Governance practices
 followed by your company that has not been addressed in this report and which is necessary to provide a more
 comprehensive view of the corporate governance structure and practices at the company or group, explain
 briefly.
- 2. Any other information, clarification or observation related to the above sections of this report may be included in this section insofar as they are relevant and not repetitive.
 - Specifically indicate whether the company is subject to corporate governance legislation from a country other than Spain and, if so, include the compulsory information to be provided when different to that required by this report.
- 3. Also state whether the company voluntarily subscribes to other international, sectorial or other ethical principles or standard practices. If applicable, the code in question and the date of adhesion will be identified. In particular, it will be specified whether the Company has adhered to the Code of Good Tax Practice of 20 June 2010:

C.1.12. The Company's Board Regulations do not specify a maximum number of boards on which the Company's directors may sit but such limit is set forth in the regulations applied to the Company as a credit entity. For this reason, the principle given by the recommendation is met. In other words, the directors should devote sufficient time to efficiently perform their duties and to know the Company's business and the governance rules that govern it and they meet its purpose despite not fully observing the recommendation and all the directors are aware of the limits set in the regulations in this regard.

D.3: Detail of Related Parties (breakdown):

Name or Company Name Link Nature of the Transaction Amount Approving Body

MR. RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 3 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. JESÚS SÁNCHEZ-QUIÑONES GONZALEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JESÚS SÁNCHEZ-QUIÑONES GONZALEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JESÚS SÁNCHEZ-QUIÑONES GONZÁLEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 101 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. JOSÉ RAMÓN RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL SERVICE PROVISION 2 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. JOSÉ RAMÓN RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL SERVICE PROVISION 7 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. JOSÉ RAMÓN RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 89 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JOSÉ RAMÓN RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 206 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MS. MARÍA PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 4 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MS. MARÍA PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 4 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MS. MARÍA TERESA SÁNCHEZ ALONSO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 25 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MS. MARÍA TERESA SÁNCHEZ ALONSO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 10 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MS. INÉS JUSTE BELLOSILLO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 2 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. INÉS JUSTE BELLOSILLO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. INÉS JUSTE BELLOSILLO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 3 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZÚÑIGA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL PROVISION OF SERVICES 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF



BUSINESS

MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZÚÑIGA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZÚÑIGA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 4 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. SANTIAGO JOSE GONZÁLEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL INT. LOANS DRAWN 10 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. SANTIAGO JOSE GONZÁLEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL FINANCIAL AGREEMENTS. LOANS 139 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. SANTIAGO JOSE GONZÁLEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS ACQUIRED 700 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. SANTIAGO JOSE GONZÁLEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL ACQUIRED GUARANTEES 1358 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. SANTIAGO JOSE GONZÁLEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 288 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL PROVISION OF SERVICES 18 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL PROVISION OF SERVICES 157 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 1545 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. EDUARDO CHACÓN LÓPEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 13 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. EDUARDO CHACÓN LÓPEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 10 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. PEDRO ÁNGEL NAVARRO MARTÍNEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL SERVICE PROVISION 2 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. PEDRO ÁNGEL NAVARRO MARTÍNEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 73 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. PEDRO ÁNGEL NAVARRO MARTÍNEZ RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 89 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MS. GEMA AZNAR CORNEJO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL FINANCIAL EXPENSES 3 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. GEMA AZNAR CORNEJO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL PROVISION OF SERVICES 8 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MS. GEMA AZNAR CORNEJO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 81 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. GEMA AZNAR CORNEJO RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 7 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. J. IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FDEZ. RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. J. IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FDEZ. RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS ACQUIRED 19 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. J. IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FDEZ. RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 10 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. JUAN LUIS LÓPEZ GARCÍA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 96 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. JUAN LUIS LÓPEZ GARCÍA RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 78 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL INT. LOANS DRAWN 2 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL PROVISION OF SERVICES 1 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 1007 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS

MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 5 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MR. JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 20 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MFFTING

MS. SONIA ÁLVAREZ NOZAL RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 6 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. SONIA ÁLVAREZ NOZAL RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3 THE ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS MS. SONIA ÁLVAREZ NOZAL RENTA 4 BANCO S.A. CORPORATE DISTRIBUTED DIVIDENDS 7 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING

D.4 INTRA-GROUP OPERATIONS:

Since it is not possible to include negative numbers, we attach the following details:

STAKE METHOD

A87823332 KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C -86



A74170002 TORSA CAPITAL S.G.E.I.C. -13

	B13951470 OPENBRICK 80
	TOTAL -19
	SERVICES PROVIDED:
	A87823332 KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C 64
1	his annual corporate governance report was approved by the Company's Board of Directors at its meeting held:
	25/02/2025
L	ist whether any directors voted against or abstained from voting on the approval of this Report.
	[] Yes [√] No